

Maximal self-orthogonal modules and a new generalization of tilting modules

Haruhisa Enomoto
(Osaka Metropolitan Univ.)

§ 0. Background

§ 1. (Projectively) Wakamatsu tilting

§ 2. Results

§ 3. Sketch of proofs.

W-tilt

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Wakamatsu-tilting
module.

Setting

Λ : f.d. k -alg (k : field)

$\text{mod } \Lambda$: f.g. right Λ -modules

the cat of

proj side

inj side

Λ : progenerator dual $D\Lambda$: inj cogenerator

\uparrow
 $\{ \text{tilting mod} \}$
 $\text{pd} \leq 1$

\uparrow
 $\{ \text{cotilting} \}$
 $\text{id} \leq 1$

sz-tilt.

sz-tilt.

\cap
 $\{ \text{tilting mods} \}$
 $\text{pd} < \infty$

\cap
 $\{ \text{cotilting} \}$
 $\text{id} < \infty$

Today

\cap
projectively
w-tilt

\cap
 $\{ \text{injective, w-tilt} \}$

$\text{id} = \infty$

$\text{pd} = \infty$

$\{ \text{w-tilt} \}$

\hookrightarrow
 self-dual.

§ 0.

(SO)

Def $M \in \text{mod } \Lambda$: self-orthogonal

$$:\Leftrightarrow \text{Ext}_{\Lambda}^{>0}(M, M) = 0$$

$$(\text{i.e. } \text{Ext}_{\Lambda}^i(M, M) = 0 \quad \forall i > 0)$$

Very elementary, but.

\exists open conjectures:

Conj 1. (Boundedness Conj [Happel])

$$M_{\Lambda} : \text{SO} \Rightarrow |M| \leq |\Lambda|$$

if
of indec summands of $M \leq \# \Lambda$

Conj 2. (Auslander-Reiten Conj)

$$\Lambda \oplus M : \text{SO}$$

$$\Rightarrow M \in \text{add } \Lambda = \text{proj } \Lambda.$$

(\Leftrightarrow): Λ_n is maximal SO)

Def T : maximal SO $\in \text{mod } \Lambda$

$$:\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T : \text{SO} \\ T \oplus X : \text{SO} \Rightarrow X \in \text{add } T. \end{array} \right.$$

Observation

Prop $M: SO, \quad \underline{\text{pd } M \leq 1}$

$$\Rightarrow |M| \leq |\Lambda|.$$

☹ $\rightarrow M: \text{partial tilt.}$

$\rightarrow \exists N, \quad M \oplus N: \text{tilt (pd} \leq 1)$

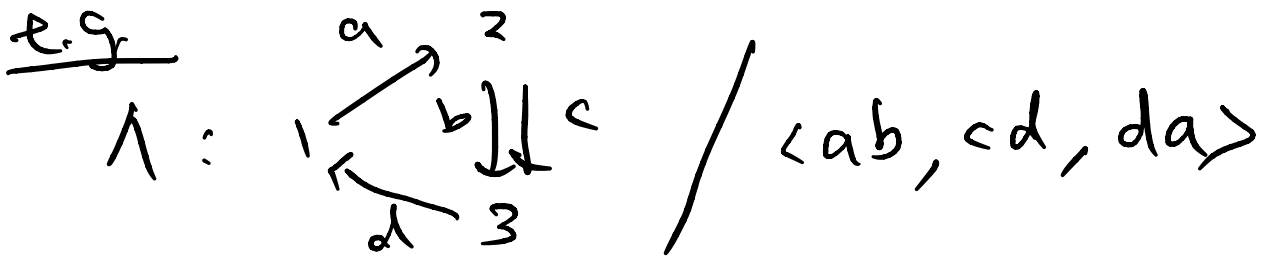
① (Bongartz completion)

$\rightarrow |M| \leq |M \oplus N| \stackrel{\text{②}}{\Rightarrow} |\Lambda|$
tilt. \square

Rem

For $M: SO, \quad \text{pd } M < \infty$

\Rightarrow "completion" of M may not exist.



$\rightarrow S(1) : \text{pd} = 2.$

maximal SO. [Rickard-Schofield]

Rem

Conj 1 & Conj 2 are open even if $\text{pd } M < \infty$. \checkmark

Today Conj 1, 2: true for Λ : rep-fin.

§1.

Def Let $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda$.

$$(1) T^\perp := T^{\perp > 0} \subseteq \text{mod } \Lambda \\ = \{ X \in \text{mod } \Lambda \mid \text{Ext}_\Lambda^{\geq 0}(T, X) = 0 \}$$

$$(2) \mathcal{Y}_T \subseteq T^\perp \\ := \left\{ X \in T^\perp \mid \begin{array}{l} \exists \text{ } \underbrace{\dots \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow T_0 \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0}_{\text{add } T} : \text{ex} \\ \text{s.t. } (T, -)\text{-exact.} \end{array} \right\}$$

(3) In general, For $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } \Lambda$: ext-closed
 $P \in \mathcal{C}$ is a **progenerator of \mathcal{C}** .

$$:\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{Ext}_\Lambda^i(P, \mathcal{C}) = 0 \\ \bullet \forall C \in \mathcal{C}, \exists \text{ s.e.s.} \\ 0 \rightarrow C' \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow C \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{s.t. } C' \in \mathcal{C}, P_0 \in \text{add } P. \end{array} \right.$$

(Dually for **inj cogen of \mathcal{C}**)

Prop Let $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda$ be SO.

(1) $D\Lambda \in T^\perp$: inj cogen of $(T \in T^\perp)$

(2) $T \in \mathcal{Y}_T$: progen of \mathcal{Y}_T .

$T: SO$	$\mathcal{Y}_T \subseteq T^\perp$	
progen	T	$\boxed{2?}$ \leftrightarrow \boxed{T} \leftrightarrow $\boxed{T: \text{pw-tilt}}$
inj cogen	$\boxed{2?}$ \leftrightarrow $\boxed{D\Lambda}$	$D\Lambda$ \leftrightarrow $T: \text{w-tilt}$

Ex $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda$: tilting ($\text{pd} < \infty$)

(\Leftrightarrow) (1) $T: SO$
 (2) $\text{pd } T < \infty$
 (3) $\exists \quad 0 \rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow T^0 + \dots + T^l \rightarrow 0$
add T . : ex

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{Y}_T = T^\perp$ (by [Auslander-Reiten])

hence T^\perp has
 progen T
 inj cogen $D\Lambda$

In general, $\mathcal{Y}_T \neq T^\perp$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{for } p : \text{indec proj.} \\ \rightsquigarrow p^\perp = \text{mod } \Lambda, \text{ but} \\ \gamma_p : \text{small} \\ \not\subseteq \text{mod } \Lambda \end{array} \right)$

Def $T : \text{projectively } W\text{-tilt.}$
 $(pW\text{-tilt})$

\Leftrightarrow (i) $T : \text{SO.}$
 (ii) $T : \text{progen of } T^\perp.$

Ex $\{ \text{tilt} \} \subseteq \{ pW\text{-tilt} \}$

Prop (equiv. char.)

TFAE for $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda : \text{SO.}$

(1) $T : pW\text{-tilt}$

(2) $T^\perp \subseteq \text{Fac } T$. e.g.

$\forall X \in T^\perp, \exists T \rightarrow X : \text{surj.}$

(3) $\gamma_T = T^\perp$.

Rem Dually $\chi_T \subseteq {}^\perp T,$
 $T : iW\text{-tilt.}$

Def

$T \in \text{mod } \Lambda$ is W -tilt

if (1) $T: SO$

(2) $D\Lambda \in \mathcal{Y}_T$.

i.e., $\exists \dots \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow T_0 \rightarrow D\Lambda \rightarrow 0$
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{add } T} : (T, -)\text{-exact.}$

Prop TFAE for $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda: SO$

(1) $T: W$ -tilt

(2) \mathcal{Y}_T has inj cogen $D\Lambda$

(3) $\hat{\Lambda}(DT) : W$ -tilt

(4) $\hat{\Lambda}_\Lambda \in \mathcal{X}_T$ i.e.,

$0 \rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow T^0 \rightarrow T^1 \rightarrow \dots$

$: \text{ex s.t. } (_, T)\text{-exact.}$ \lrcorner

Cor $T: W$ -tilt

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{Y}_T$ has progen T ,
inj cogen $D\Lambda$. \lrcorner

Cor

$\{pW\text{-tilt}\} \subseteq \{W\text{-tilt}\}$.

Rem

$\forall (P, \mathcal{I})$: "progen - inj cogen pair"
of exact cat (Hom-fun K_S)

$(P, \mathcal{I}) \sim (T, D\Lambda)$

"equiv" for some f.d. alg Λ .
[\equiv] T_Λ : W -tilt.

So W -tilt is natural, from exact cat.

Q $\{pw\text{-tilt}\} \subseteq \{W\text{-tilt}\}$

Are they actually different? \lrcorner

A Yes in general, but,

No if $\boxed{\Lambda: \text{rep-fin.}}$

Q Easy systematic method for W -tilt, but NOT pw -tilt. ??

§ 2.

Thm 1. ("completion")

Let $M \in \text{mod } \Lambda : \text{SO}$,

suppose $\# \text{ind}(M^\perp) < \infty$.

(e.g. $\Lambda : \text{rep-fin}$)

Then $\exists N \in \text{mod } \Lambda$ s.t.

$M \oplus N : \underbrace{\text{pW-tilt.}}_{(\text{W-tilt})}$

Thm 2.

Let $T \in \text{mod } \Lambda$ with $\# \text{ind}(T^\perp) < \infty$,

(e.g. $\Lambda : \text{rep-fin}$)

TFAE

(1) $T : \text{pW-tilt}$

(2) $T : \text{W-tilt}$

(3) $T : \text{SO}$ and $|T| = |\Lambda|$

(4) $T : \text{maximal SO.}$

Cor. (BC) Boundedness Conj

Let $M \in \text{mod } \Lambda = \text{SO}$

If $\# \text{ind}(M^\perp) < \infty$ (p.s. $\Lambda = \text{rep-fin}$)

then $|M| \leq |\Lambda|$ J

☹ By Thm 1. $\exists N \in \text{mod } \Lambda$

s.t. $M \oplus N$: W-filt.

Then $(M \oplus N)^\perp \subseteq M^\perp$
 $\text{ind} < \infty \iff \overline{\text{ind}} < \infty$

so Thm 2 implies.

$$|M \oplus N| = |\Lambda|$$

Thus $|M| \leq |M \oplus N| = |\Lambda| \quad \square$

Cor (ARC) [Auslander-Reiten]

$\Lambda : \text{rep-fin} \Rightarrow \Lambda_\Lambda : \text{max. SO.}$ J

Cor Computer can list up
all W-filt. modules! (if $\Lambda : \text{rep-fin}$)

[FD Applet]

Problem (Nakayama)

For a given class of algs,

Count $\# \{W\text{-tilt}\} !$

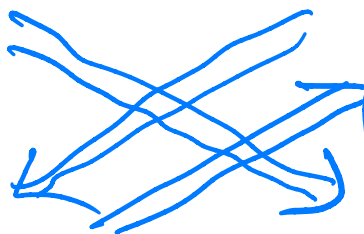
(or $\# \{ \text{tilt} \pmod{pd(\infty)} \}$)

(Difficult) Conjectures

$T_\lambda: SO$

$pW\text{-tilt} \implies W\text{-tilt}$

$|T| = |\lambda|$



$T: \text{max. SO}$

\Rightarrow : All open.

[RS]

(BC) : $T: SO \implies |T| \leq |\lambda|$

$T: W\text{-tilt} \implies |T| = |\lambda|$

$W\text{-tilt} \implies \text{max. SO}$

||

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$$\Downarrow$$

$$T: \text{pW-tit} \Rightarrow |\mathbb{T}| = |\Lambda|$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\text{pW-tit} \Rightarrow \text{max. SO.}$$

$$(t = \bar{2}''L) \Uparrow$$



equiv.

(ARC)
 $\Lambda_n : \text{max SO.}$

§ 3. Sketch of Proof

Thm 1

Suppose $M \in \text{mod } \Lambda : \text{SO.}$

with $\# \text{rad}(M^\perp) < \infty$.

$M^\perp : \text{cov. fn.}$

Then. $\Lambda \rightarrow N : \text{left min } (M^\perp)\text{-approx}$

$\Rightarrow N : \text{proj in } M^\perp$
 (split) [Auslander-Sokal]
 (minimal cover)

$\forall X \in M^\perp \exists N^l \rightarrow X : \text{surj.}$

Claim

with

$$M \oplus N : \text{pW-tit}$$

$$M^\perp = (M \oplus N)^\perp.$$

□

Thm 2.

Key Lem ($\Leftarrow M^+$)

\mathcal{E} : Hom-fis KS exact cat

$\# \text{ inde } \mathcal{E} < \infty$

$\Rightarrow \# \{ \text{inde } \text{proj} \text{ in } \mathcal{E} \}$

$= \# \{ \text{inj} \text{ — } \}$

$\textcircled{!} \exists \text{ AR seq}$

~~AV~~ $\rightsquigarrow \# \text{ inde non-proj}$

$= \# \text{ inde non-inj}$

\rightsquigarrow Claim follows.

Conj

\mathcal{E} : fun. fis
(AR $\exists \text{ in } \mathcal{E}$)

\Rightarrow — 一般 $= \# \text{ proj}$

$= \# \text{ inj}$

Rem

~~pw-tilt~~ + pd $< \infty$

↑ OK.
tilt.

w-tilt + pd $< \infty$

⊕ OK
tilt

Wakamatsu tilt conj.