

# II.1. Heart

## Part III Wide interval

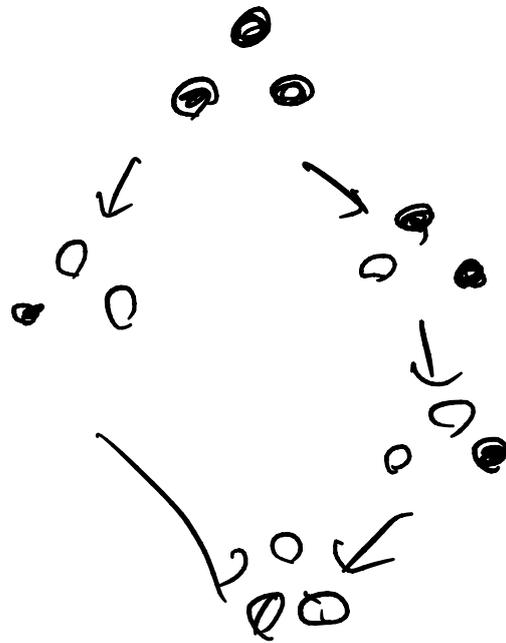
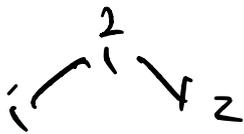
Def  $\vec{H}(\text{tors} A)$  : quiver

点 :  $\mathcal{T} \in \text{tors} A$

矢 :  $\mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{U} : (\Leftarrow)$

Ex

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \circ \mathcal{T} \not\geq \mathcal{U}, \\ \circ \exists \mathcal{C} \in \text{tors} A, \mathcal{T} \geq \mathcal{C} \geq \mathcal{U}. \end{array} \right.$



Aim

$\vec{H}(\text{tors} A)$  の矢  $\Leftarrow$  は brick,  
sp-split  $\Leftarrow$  は  $\Leftarrow$ , ?  $\Leftarrow$ !

Tool

Heart of interval

Def  $u, \tau \in \text{tors} A$ ,  $u \subseteq \tau$  である。

(\*)  $[u, \tau] := \{ \mathcal{C} \in \text{tors} A \mid u \subseteq \mathcal{C} \subseteq \tau \}$

$$(2) \mathcal{H}[U, \mathcal{T}] \subseteq \text{mod } A$$

$$\text{ii} \quad \mathcal{T} \cap \underbrace{U^\perp}_{\text{tors}} \quad (= \text{"}\mathcal{T} - U\text{"})$$

Ex

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H}[0, \mathcal{T}] = \mathcal{T} \\ \mathcal{H}[\mathcal{T}, \text{mod } A] = \mathcal{T}^\perp \end{cases} \quad \text{mod } A$$

Def  $[U, \mathcal{T}]$  : interval in  $\text{tors } A$

= "wide interval"

$\Leftrightarrow$  heart  $\mathcal{T} \cap U^\perp$  is "wide subcat."

( $\Leftrightarrow$   $\subseteq$  KE-closed)

$\leadsto$  abelian.

Rem

$\emptyset \neq \mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$  : wide (ICE IFE'-closed)

$\leadsto \exists [U, \mathcal{T}] \quad \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{H}[U, \mathcal{T}]$

Prop (HW)

$[U, \mathcal{T}]$  : interval with heart  $\mathcal{H}$

(i)  $\mathcal{T} = U * \mathcal{H} \quad (= \text{"}U + \mathcal{H}\text{"})$

$$(2) u = T \cap \perp H = (u = T - H)$$

$$(3) H = T \cap u^\perp$$

Prop 15 上の状況  $\Leftarrow$

$u, T, H$  の  $\exists$  2 の  $\Leftarrow$  fun. fin

$\Rightarrow$  残りの  $\Leftarrow$

(2-out-of-3)

$$(1) (u, H \Rightarrow T)$$

$$T = u * H$$

Fact F1 OK.

Fact  $\exists \Delta : \text{fun. fin}$

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon * \Delta \Leftarrow$$

$$(T, H \Rightarrow u)$$

Su(10)'s symmetry 仮. 2

上の場合  $\Leftarrow$  仮. 5

$$u \subseteq T \quad \Leftarrow \quad u^\perp \supseteq T^\perp \quad \text{in totf}$$

$$u^\perp = H * T^\perp : \text{fun. fin.}$$

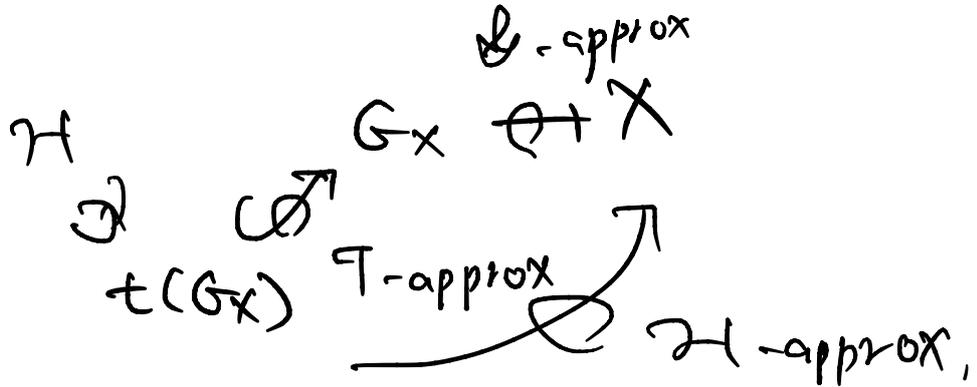
$$\Leftarrow u \Leftarrow$$

$$(T, U \Rightarrow H)$$

$$H = T \cap U^\perp$$

$$\forall x \in \text{mod } A$$

( $\mathcal{G}$ ) fun. fin.  
( $S_{\text{mod}} / \mathcal{O}$ )



Lem  $\exists \tau \in \mathcal{G}$ ,  $\tau''$ ,

$T$  is projective  $M$  is free, etc.

$H$  is projective.  $gM \subseteq \dots$

$$(0 \rightarrow UM \rightarrow M \rightarrow gM \rightarrow 0)$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (T, \tau) \\ (U, \mathcal{G}) \end{array} \right.$

$\cap$   
 $U$

$\cap$   
 $\mathcal{G} := U^\perp$

☹  $A'' \text{ is } \mathcal{G}!$

Cor  $[U, T] : \text{wide itv, } \tau \in$

$T : \text{fun. fin.} \iff U : \text{fun. fin. } \tau''$ ,

$\Rightarrow \tau \in \mathcal{G} \iff H \text{ is fun. fin.}$



☹️ (2)  $T : \text{fun. fin.}$

$\Rightarrow T \text{ is projective}$

$\Rightarrow H \text{ is projective}$   
 Lem.

$\Rightarrow H \text{ is fun. fin.}$   
 Cor. b.

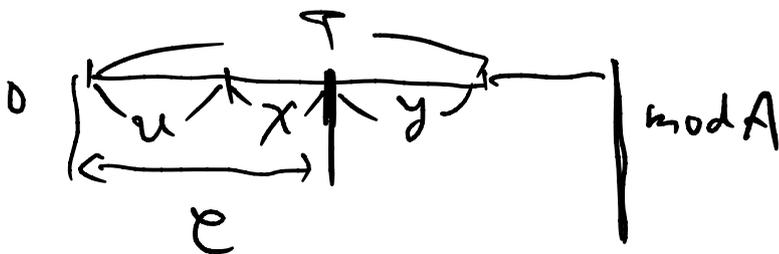
$\Rightarrow U \text{ is fun. fin.}$  □  
 2-3

Thm [Asai-Pfeifer, Jasso]

$[U, T]$  is a left hereditary cotorsion pair

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [U, T] & \xleftrightarrow{\text{inj}} & \text{tors } W \\ \downarrow & \xrightarrow{\quad} & e \cap u^\perp \end{array}$$

$$u * X \longleftarrow X$$



☹️ wel-def.  $(e \cap u^\perp, e^\perp \cap T) = \text{tors pair}$   
 in  $W!$

$(u * X, y * T^\perp) = \text{tors pair}$   
 in  $\text{Mod } A.$

$$\overline{D} \dots = \frac{1}{2} : 11 - \overline{7}_A - \dots$$

□

Rem  $\pm$  is  $\forall$  exact cat  $z$ , 条件  
(ET)

(with the 1st case) (証明-完成)

## II.2. Brick label

Def  $B \in \text{mod } A$ : brick

$\iff \text{End}_A(B)$  : division ring  
( $\forall$  non-zero  $\alpha$  isom)

Def  $\mathcal{C} \in \text{mod } A$

$$\text{Filt } \mathcal{C} := \bigcup_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{C} * \dots * \mathcal{C}$$

$$\text{brick } \mathcal{C} := \{ B \in \mathcal{C} \mid B : \text{brick} \} / \cong$$

Lem  $\forall 0 \neq X \in \text{mod } A \exists f: X \rightarrow X$  s.t.

$\text{Im } f$  : brick.

☹  $l(X)$  is not induction.

$l(X) = 1 \Rightarrow X: \text{simple (brick)}$

$\Rightarrow id_X \text{ is OK}$

$l(X) > 1 \Leftrightarrow$

•  $X: \text{brick} : id_X$

•  $X: \text{not brick} \Leftrightarrow \exists f: X \rightarrow X$   
 $\text{not isom}$

$\sim X \rightarrow X$



$\Leftrightarrow$  induction

$\exists Inf \rightarrow B \leftarrow Inf$   
brick

$\sim X \rightarrow Inf \rightarrow B \leftarrow Inf \leftarrow X$

because  $\exists$  is not possible.

□

Prop  $[U, T]: \text{if } \mathcal{H} \text{ is a heart}$

$\sim \mathcal{H} = \text{Filt}(\text{brick } \mathcal{H})$

┘

☹  $\forall X \in \mathcal{H}, l(X)$  is induction

$X \in \text{Filt}(\text{brick } \mathcal{H})$  is not possible

$l(X) = 0 \Rightarrow \text{OK}$



$$\dots (B, X) \cong (B, B) \quad \text{if}$$

↓  
|  
B

$X \rightarrow B$ : retraction

$$\sim \begin{array}{ccc} K < \oplus X & \text{if } K=0 \text{ or } \{0\} \\ \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \uparrow & \uparrow \end{array} \sim X=B \quad \square$$

Lemma  $B$ : brick

$\Rightarrow \text{Filt } B$ : wide subcat with

unique simple obj  $B$  }

(!) ker-closed objects  
 $\{ X \mid \forall X \xrightarrow{f} B : 0 \text{ or surj obj } \text{Ker } f \in \text{Filt } B \}$

is ext-closed (if  $B$  is).  $B \lambda \geq 2$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Filt } B \subseteq \{ \text{---} \}$$

$\forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y$   $\text{Ker } f \in \text{Filt } B$  &  
 $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   $\forall \alpha \text{ Filt } B$ -length 2  
 $\text{Filt } B$   $\text{Filt } B$  induction,

0, 1  $\Rightarrow$   $\perp$ .

$X$  0 or not  
 $\downarrow f$   $\mathbb{Q}$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\text{smaller}} \square \rightarrow Y \rightarrow B \rightarrow 0$$

0  $\neq$  3. 
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \overline{f} & & X \\ & \swarrow & \downarrow \\ 0 & \hookrightarrow & Y \end{array}$$
 z'.  $\ker f \cong \ker \overline{f}$

z'' induction

Let  $0 \neq f \in R$  surj  $\exists \ker \in \mathcal{F} \neq \emptyset$ .

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & \Delta & \rightarrow & X & \rightarrow & B \rightarrow 0 \\ & & \downarrow \rho & & \downarrow \rho & & \downarrow \rho \\ 0 & \rightarrow & \Delta & \rightarrow & Y & \rightarrow & B \end{array}$$

z'.  $\ker f \cong \ker \rho$  : induction  $\square$

Thm  $U \subseteq T$  in tors  $A$   $\mathcal{F} \neq \emptyset$

(1)  $\exists \mathcal{T} \rightarrow U$  in  $\overline{\mathcal{F}}(\text{tors } A)$

(2)  $|\text{brick } \mathcal{H}(U, \mathcal{T})| = 1$

(3)  $\mathcal{H}(U, \mathcal{T})$  : wide with one simple.  $\lrcorner$

(\*) (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (2)

$B_1, B_2 \in \mathcal{H} := \mathcal{H}(U, \mathcal{T}) \cong \exists \exists$ .

$\leadsto B_i \notin U, B_i \in T$

$\therefore U \subsetneq T(U \cup B_i) \subseteq T$  for  $i=1, 2$

( $\rightarrow$ )  $\mathbb{Z}$  模  $\mathbb{Z}$  の tors

$$\therefore T(U \cup B_1) = T$$

$$B_2 \in \quad \parallel$$

$$T(U \cup B_2)$$

-1/3  $\mathcal{C} := \{X \mid \forall X \rightarrow B_1 \text{ is } 0 \text{ or surj}\}$

$\exists \exists \exists \exists, B_1 \in U \wedge \exists B_2$

$(B_1 \in U^\perp)$

( $\Rightarrow$ ) tors (HW)

$\therefore B_2 \in T(U \cup B_1) \subseteq \mathcal{C}$

$\therefore (B_2, B_1) = 0$  or  $\exists B_2 \twoheadrightarrow B_1$

$\cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \cong \mathbb{Z}$

$(B_2, B_1) = 0$   $\exists \exists \exists \exists$

$B_2 \in \underbrace{\perp B_1}_{\text{tors}}$   $\therefore T(U \cup B_2) \subseteq \perp B_1$

$U \subseteq \quad \parallel$

$B_1 \in T(U \cup B_1)$

$\therefore (B_1, B_1) = 0$   $\exists \exists \exists \exists$

$\therefore \exists B_2 \twoheadrightarrow B_1$   $\exists \exists \exists \exists$  (7)

$B_1 \twoheadrightarrow B_2$

$\therefore B \cong B_2$

अतः  $H \neq 0$  अतः  $\text{bride } H \neq 0$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \exists \alpha \neq 0 \\ \tau = \alpha * H = \alpha \end{array} \right) \quad H = \text{bride } H$$

$$\therefore |\text{bride } H| = 1$$

(2)  $\Rightarrow$  (3) OK

(3)  $\Rightarrow$  (1)

$$[U, \tau] \cong \text{tors } H$$

||  $\text{RU}$

$$\{0 \neq H\}$$

unique simple

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \because 0 \neq X \in \text{tors } H \\ \sim 0 \neq X \in X \\ \downarrow \\ B: \text{simple} \in X \end{array} \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} \tau = H \\ \downarrow \end{array}$$

Cor

(1)  $\exists \tau \rightarrow U$  in  $\vec{H}(\text{tors } A)$  अतः

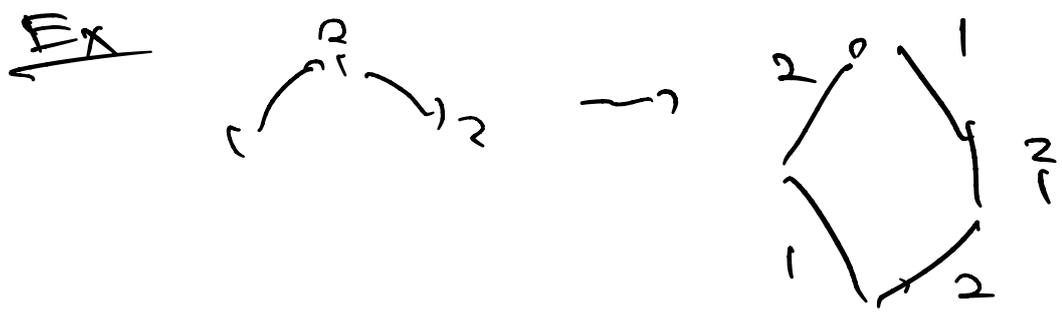
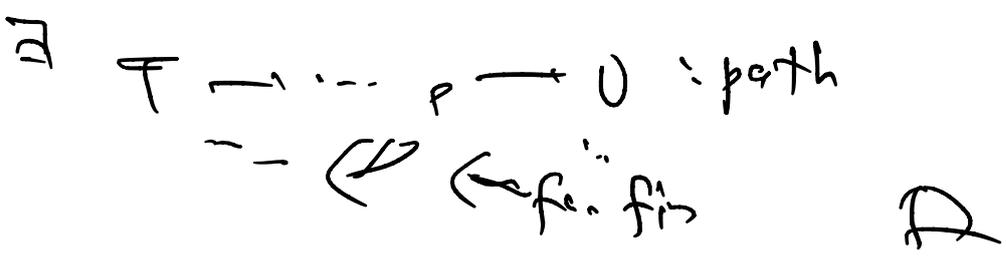
$$\tau: \text{fun. fin} \iff U: \text{fun. fin}$$

(2)  $|\text{tors } A| < \infty$  अतः

$\forall \text{ tors or fun. fin}$

(12) (2)  $\text{tors } A: \text{finite poset}$

$$\therefore \tau \neq 0, \tau \neq 0 \tau$$



II.3. Hasse 係 の 性質 . tors v.s. wide

Thm [DIP]T  $\in \text{tors } A$ .

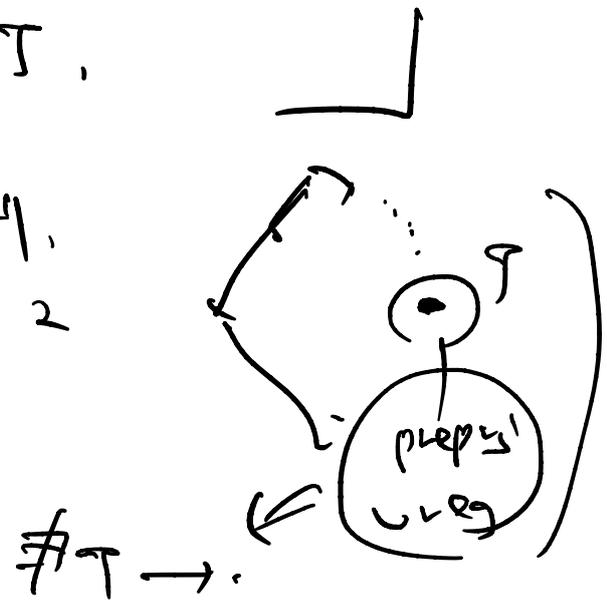
$U \subseteq T$  tors  $U \in \text{tors } A \exists$ .

$\in ( \underline{T : \text{fun. fin. tors}} )$

$\exists T \rightarrow T' : \text{in } \vec{T}(\text{tors } A)$

s.t.  $U \subseteq T' \leftarrow T$ .

$( | \text{tors } A | < \infty \Rightarrow \text{tors } A \text{ is a lattice} )$   
 $( \text{tors } A \text{ is a lattice} \Rightarrow | \text{tors } A | < \infty )$





$$\exists: M \in \mathcal{L}$$

↓

$$\mathcal{T} = \text{Fac } M \subseteq \mathcal{L}; \mathcal{T} \neq \emptyset$$

$$\mathcal{T} \text{ is a chain}$$

↘

∴ Zorn's lemma  $\exists \tau' \in [U, \mathcal{T})$  maximal

$$\Rightarrow \tau' \leftarrow \tau \text{ is } \tau' \in \mathcal{C} \quad \square$$

Cor  $\tau, u \in \text{f-tors } A$  is a filter

$$\tau \rightarrow u \text{ is } \vec{H}(\text{tors } A)$$

$$\iff \tau \rightarrow u \text{ is } \vec{H}(\text{f-tors } A)$$

( $\Rightarrow$ ) ok

( $\Leftarrow$ )  $\tau \supseteq u$  is

$$\exists \tau \rightarrow \tau' \supseteq u \text{ is } \vec{H}(\text{tors } A)$$

(sic  $\tau$ : f-acc. filter  $\tau' \notin \mathcal{C}$ )

$$\therefore \tau \rightarrow \tau' \supseteq u \text{ is } \vec{H}(\text{f-tors } A)$$

$$\therefore \tau' = u$$

□

# IV. Hasse arrow via sp-proj (mutation)

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命題 2':  $T \rightarrow U$  is  $\tilde{H}(\text{tors } A)$   
(f-)

is  $\tilde{H}$  of torsion pairs

問 15: 具何故に  $\tilde{H}$  の  $\tilde{H}$  に  $\tilde{H}$ ?

$\tilde{H}$  が  $\tilde{H}$  "  $\iff$  " mutation

$\tilde{H}$  の  $\tilde{H}$   $\left[ T \text{ の sp-proj } \iff T \text{ の } \tilde{H} \right]$

Wide if a rank (=  $\tilde{H}$ )

Prop (rank (enna))  
 $T$ : tors with projen  $T$ .

$\cup$   
 $(U, \mathcal{G})$ : tors. pair

$\rightsquigarrow$   $\mathcal{G}T$ :  $\mathcal{H}[U, T] = T \cap \mathcal{G}$  a projec

(=  $\tilde{H}$ )

$|\mathcal{G}T| = | \text{ind } T \setminus U |$

"  
 $\{ x \in \text{ind } T \mid x \notin U \}$

(☹)

g is functor

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{mod } A & \xrightarrow{g} & \mathcal{G} \text{ (torf)} \\ \cup & & \cup \\ \mathcal{T} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{H} = \mathcal{T} \cap \mathcal{G} \end{array} \quad \mathcal{G} \subset \mathcal{M}^n$$

restrict to

$$\left( \forall X \in \mathcal{T}, 0 \rightarrow uX \rightarrow X \xrightarrow{gX} 0 \right)$$

$\mathcal{T} \cap \mathcal{G}$

Claim  $\cong$  equiv

$$\frac{\text{add } \mathcal{T}}{[U]} \cong \text{add } (g\mathcal{T})$$

$U \in \mathcal{G}$   $\rightarrow$   $[U]$   $\cong$  induce  $\mathcal{G}$

(☹)  $gU = 0$   $\mathcal{G}$  induce  $\mathcal{H}$ .  
Obj dense in  $0K$

$$\therefore \frac{\text{End}_A(\mathcal{T})}{[U](\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T})} \cong \text{End}(g\mathcal{T}) \mathcal{G}$$

• surj?

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & u\mathcal{T} & \rightarrow & \mathcal{T} & \rightarrow & g\mathcal{T} \rightarrow 0 \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \mathcal{G} \\ 0 & \rightarrow & u\mathcal{T} & \rightarrow & \mathcal{T} & \rightarrow & g\mathcal{T} \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

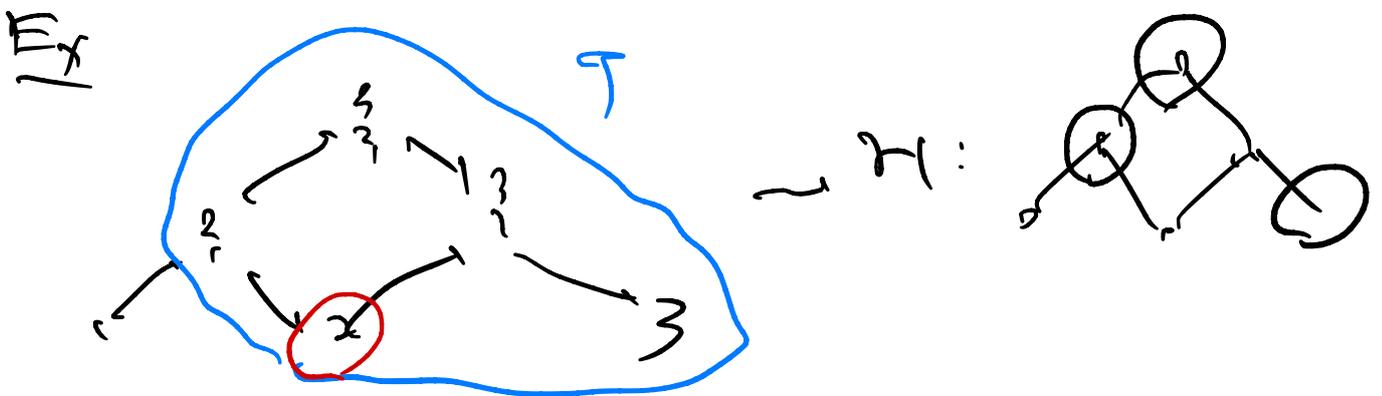
$\mathcal{T} \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{G}) \mathcal{G}$

\* inj?

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & \rightarrow & uT & \rightarrow & T & \rightarrow & gT & \rightarrow & 0 \\
 & & & & \swarrow \hat{Q} \downarrow \varphi & & \downarrow \varphi & & \\
 0 & \rightarrow & uT & \rightarrow & T & \rightarrow & gT & \rightarrow & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore |gT| &= |\text{add } gT| \\
 &= \left| \frac{\text{add } T}{[U]} \right| \stackrel{\text{HW}}{=} |\text{ind } T \setminus U|
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 - \text{ind } T \setminus U \subseteq T \setminus U \\
 \text{ind } \frac{T}{[U]} \xleftarrow{\text{ind}} \text{ind } T \setminus U \\
 \approx \text{ind } T \text{ (restricted to } T \setminus U)
 \end{array} \right) \text{ well-known}$$



$$T: \mathbb{Z} \oplus \underbrace{\mathbb{Z}}_U \oplus \mathbb{Z}$$

~ Homoj : 2 ~

Key Prop  $T \in f\text{-tors} A$   $T: \mathcal{T}$  a preen

$T$ : basic,  $T = X \oplus U \subset \tau''$

$X \in \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{T})$  exists (i.e.,  $X$ : sp-proj)

$\rightarrow [\text{Fac } U, \mathcal{T}]$  is wide in  $\tau''$ .

$\tau''$  heart is rank  $|X|$  (a f.d. alg of module cat & equiv.).

$\tau''$  is a...

$\mathcal{T}$  f-tors of sp-proj exists.

$\tau' \in \mathcal{L}(\tau'')$ : rank  $\alpha$  wide in  $\tau''$  exists



$\mathcal{H} := \mathcal{T} \cap \text{Fac } U^\perp = \mathcal{T} \cap U^\perp$  exists

$\mathcal{H}$ : wide

$\mathcal{H}$ : IE-closed in  $\tau''$  exists

FIS  $\forall 0 \rightarrow L \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$  : ex,

(i)  $L, M \in \mathcal{H} \Rightarrow N \in \mathcal{H}$

(ii)  $M, N \in \mathcal{H} \Rightarrow L \in \mathcal{H}$

(i)  $M \in \mathcal{T} \nRightarrow N \in \mathcal{T}$ .

$N \in U^\perp$ ?

$(U, M) \rightarrow (U, N) \rightarrow (U, L)$   
 $M \in U^\perp \quad \oplus \quad 0 \quad \oplus \quad L \in \mathcal{T}$   
 $0 \quad U \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{T})$

(ii)  $M \in U^\perp \nRightarrow L \in U^\perp$ .

$L \in \mathcal{T} \text{ or } ?$

Claim  $\exists 0 \rightarrow N' \xrightarrow{\text{add } X} X_0 \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $\mathcal{T}$

(iii)  $\mathcal{T}$  is  $U \oplus X$  direct sum.

$\therefore \exists 0 \rightarrow N'' \rightarrow U \oplus X \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $\mathcal{T}$

(iv)  $(U, N) = 0 \nRightarrow \exists 0 \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$

$\therefore \text{isom.}$   
 $0 \rightarrow N' \rightarrow U \oplus X \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0$

$\text{isom.}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & & & 0 & & 0 \\
 & & & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 & & & & 0 & & 0 \\
 & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & & & & X' & = & X' \\
 & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 0 & \longrightarrow & L & \longrightarrow & \square & \longrightarrow & X_0 \longrightarrow 0 \\
 & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & \text{pb} & \downarrow \\
 0 & \longrightarrow & L & \longrightarrow & M & \longrightarrow & N \longrightarrow 0 \\
 & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & & & & \mathcal{R} & & \mathcal{R} \\
 & & & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & & & & \mathcal{S} & & \mathcal{S}
 \end{array}$$

$\square \in \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{R}) \quad \square \rightarrow X_0 : \text{split}$

( $\because X \in \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{T})$ )

$\therefore L \in \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{R}) \quad L \in \mathcal{T}$

rank

$\text{rank } H = |\mathcal{H} \text{ a projective}|$

$= |\text{ind}(U \oplus X) \setminus \text{Fac } U|$   
 $\text{rank} \leftarrow \text{len}$

$= |X|$

(i)  $\exists \mathcal{S} \subseteq \mathcal{H} \quad \text{ind } U \text{ a } \mathcal{T} \text{ is } \text{Fac } U \text{ is } \mathcal{S}$   
 $\exists \mathcal{L} \quad X' \in \text{ind } X \quad \exists \mathcal{L}' \text{ Fac } U \text{ is } \mathcal{L}' \text{ is } \mathcal{S}^m$   
 $U \oplus X' \rightarrow X' \text{ is } \mathcal{L}' \quad X' : \text{sp-proj is } \mathcal{L}'$   
 $X' \oplus U \text{ is } \mathcal{L}' \text{ is } \mathcal{L}'$

Cor  $T \in f\text{-tors} A$ .  $T$ :  $T$  a basic progen.

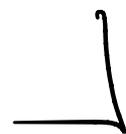
(1)  $X \in \text{ind } \mathcal{P}_0(T)$  : ind sp-proj  $\exists \chi$   
( $X \oplus T$ )

$T \rightarrow \text{Fac } T/X$  in  $\vec{H}(\text{tors } A)$

(2)  $\exists \chi$ .  $T \rightarrow U \in \text{ind } \mathcal{P}_0(T)$  s.t.

$\exists! X \in \text{ind } \mathcal{P}_0(T)$  s.t.

$$U = \text{Fac}(T/X)$$



(3) (1)  $T = X \oplus U$  s.t.  $|T| \neq \emptyset$

$\exists \chi \in \mathcal{P}_0(T)$   $[\text{Fac } U, T] : \text{wide } \chi$

rank  $\neq 1$

$\therefore$  heart is simple s.t.  $\chi \in \mathcal{P}_0(T)$

$\therefore T \rightarrow \text{Fac } U$ .

(2)  $T \rightarrow U \in \mathcal{P}_0(T)$ ,  $T$ : fin. fin. s.t.  $U \neq \emptyset$

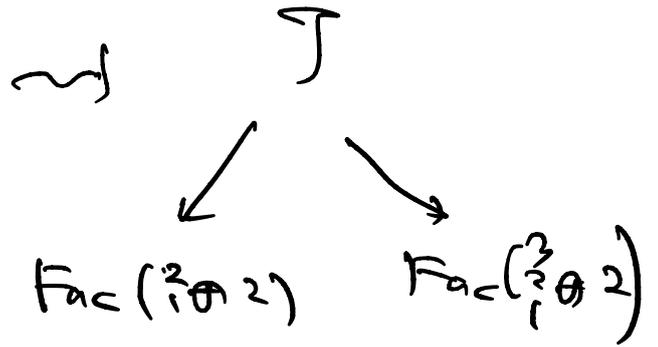
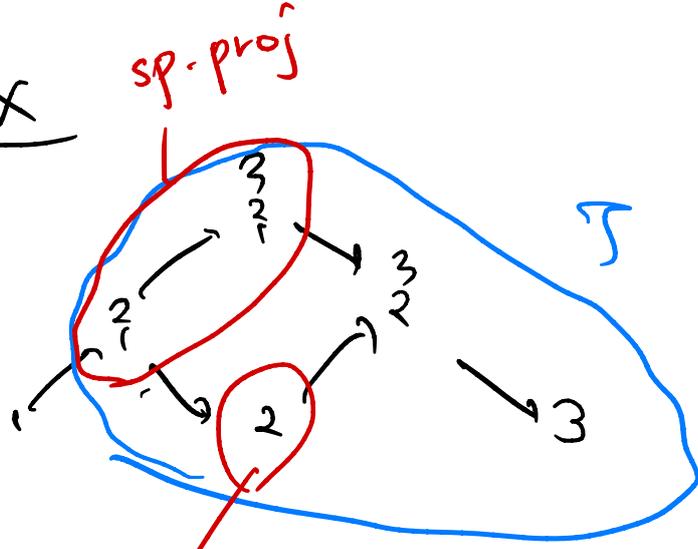
$\exists \chi \in \mathcal{P}_0(T)$   $[U, T] : \text{wide } \chi$

heart  $\neq \emptyset$  rank  $\neq 1$

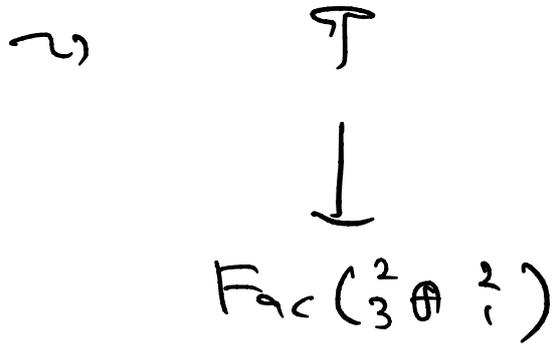
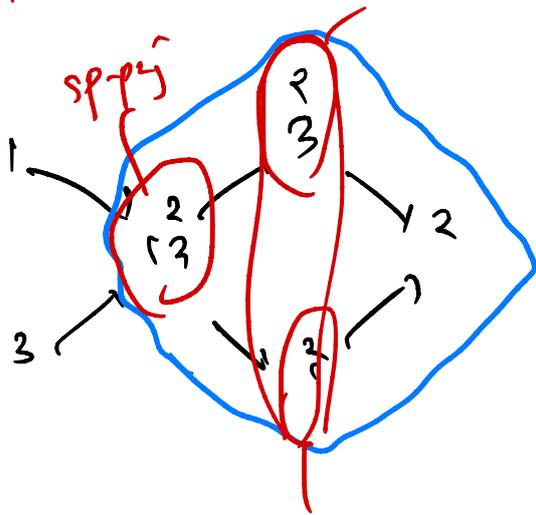
$\therefore |\text{ind } T \cap U| = 1$ .



Ex



non-sp proj



non-sp proj

tors vs wide  $\uparrow$   $\{ \text{non-sp-proj} \}$

$T \in \text{f-tors}$

$T: T$  a basic projective

$\sim T = T_{\text{sp}} \oplus T_{\text{non-sp}}$   
 $\uparrow$   
 sp-proj

$T_{\text{non-sp}}$   
 zero divisors

$\cong \mathbb{Z}_2$

Thm [Marks - Stovicek]

(1)  $[Fac T_{sp}, Fac T]$  wide itv  $\tau$ ,

$\alpha \tau := \tau \circ \text{heart} \quad \tau \tau \tau$

(2)  $B_1 \xrightarrow{\tau} B_2 : \tau \text{ a } \tau \text{ a } \tau \text{ a } \tau$   
 $T_1 \dots T_r$

$\leadsto r = |T_{sp}| \tau$

$\alpha \tau = \text{AIF} (B_1, \dots, B_r),$

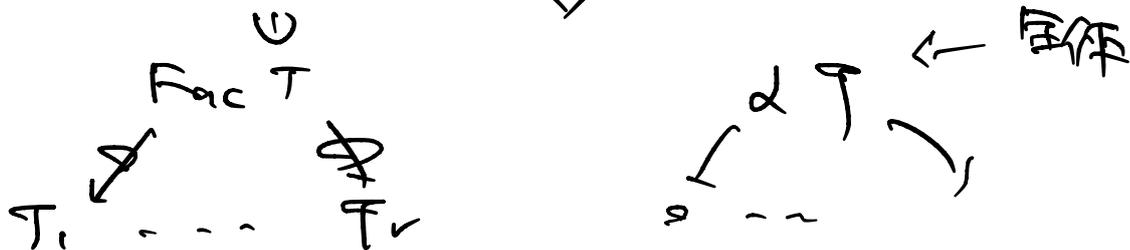
$B_1 \sim B_r \notin \text{simple} (= \neq)$

(3)  $T = T(\alpha \tau) \quad T(\odot)$

$= T(B_1, \dots, B_r) \quad \text{smallest wide}$

(1)  $\neq, \neq$

(2)  $[Fac T_{sp}, Fac T] \cong \text{tors } \alpha \tau.$



$(T_{sp} \in T_i \tau)$   
 $\uparrow$

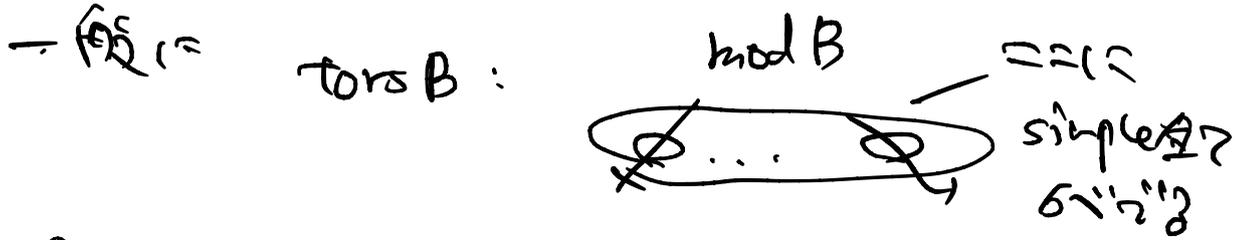
0

$$T_i = \text{Fac} \left( \underbrace{\text{Tors}(\tau_{\text{sp}} \tau_i^{-1})}_{\oplus} \right)$$

$T_{\text{usp}}$

LC- $\mathbb{E}$

$$\alpha T \cong \text{tors } B \quad (B: \text{rank } r \text{ f.d. alg}) \cong \mathbb{Z}^r$$



$\therefore B_1, \dots, B_r: \alpha T \alpha$  simple  $\mathbb{Z}^r$

(3)  $B_1, \dots, B_r \subseteq T$  is OK

$T'$ : tors  $\alpha_i B_i$   $\mathbb{Z}^r$   $\mathbb{Z}^r$   $\mathbb{Z}^r$ .

$$T \cap T' \subseteq T. \quad \text{等 LCFS 11 2 12}$$

$\sim$ , mutation property #1)

$$\begin{array}{c} \exists \\ T \cap T' \subseteq T_i \leftarrow T \\ \subset \\ B_i \qquad \parallel \\ \qquad \qquad T \cap B_i \end{array}$$





Prop (Important Seq)

$T \supseteq U$  : f-factors

progen  $T, U$   $\subset T \supseteq U$ .

$$T \xrightarrow{f} U_0^T \rightarrow U_1^T \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{s.t.}$$

$f$ : left- $u$   $U$ -approx  $\subset T \supseteq U$ .

次の性質

(1)  $U_0^T, U_1^T \in \mathcal{P}(U)$

(2)  $\text{id } U_0^T \cap \text{id } U_1^T = \emptyset$

(3)  $\mathcal{P}(U) = \text{add}(U_0^T \oplus U_1^T)$   
 $\parallel$   
 $\text{add } U$

(A)  $T = A, U = T$  の分解

可逆  $\subset \emptyset, \subset$ !

全く同じ証明で済む!

Claim "  $U_0^T$  : sp-proj of  $U$  in  $T$ ", i.e.,

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \forall & 0 & \rightarrow & L & \rightarrow & M & \rightarrow & U_0^T & \rightarrow & 0 \\ & & & \cap & & \cap & & & & \\ & & & T & & U & & \Rightarrow & \text{split} & \end{array}$$



(3)  $U_0^T \oplus U_1^T$  ist ein projektives Modul,  
 für jedes  $M \in \mathcal{U} \subseteq \mathcal{T}$ .

$$\exists 0 \rightarrow M' \rightarrow (U_0^T)^\oplus \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & \Gamma & \xrightarrow{\text{add } T} & T^\oplus & \xrightarrow{\text{qu}} & M \rightarrow 0 \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & \nearrow & \\ 0 & \rightarrow & \Delta & \rightarrow & (U_0^T)^\oplus & \rightarrow & M \rightarrow 0 \end{array} \right)$$

T:  $\mathcal{U}$ -proj

$\Delta \oplus T^\oplus \in \mathcal{T}$  (s)

$\Delta \in \mathcal{U}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} T^\oplus & \rightarrow & (U_0^T)^\oplus & \rightarrow & (U_1^T)^\oplus & \rightarrow & 0 \\ \downarrow & & \exists \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ 0 & \rightarrow & M' & \rightarrow & (U_0^T)^\oplus & \rightarrow & M \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

(p.o.)

basic  $\exists \text{ sur } \mathcal{U} \subseteq \mathcal{K}$ .

Cor

T: sur-tilt

$$T = U \oplus X$$

indec

X: sp-proj

( $\Leftrightarrow X \notin \text{Fac } U$ )



$$|U| \leq \left| \underbrace{U \oplus U_0^X \oplus U_1^X}_{\substack{\text{disj} \\ \text{disj}}} \right| = |\mathcal{P}(U)|$$

||  
|supp U|

^

$$|U| + 1 = |U \oplus X| = |\text{supp}(U \oplus X)|$$

$$\therefore |\mathcal{P}(U)| = |U| \text{ or } |U| + 1$$

|U| ときは  $\Leftrightarrow U \in \mathcal{P}(U)$  なる  $U$

$$\mathcal{P}(U) \ni \text{add } U$$

$$\therefore U_0^X \in \text{add } U$$

|U| + 1 ときは

つまり  $|\text{supp}(U \oplus X)| = |\text{supp } U|$

$$\therefore \text{supp } X \subseteq \text{supp } U$$

Claim  $U_1^X \neq 0$  である。

$U_1^X = 0$  とすると

$$0 \sim K \xrightarrow{X} U_0^X \sim 0$$

$\sim (K, U)$  となる。

