

(C) 傾理論 と

1日目

ねじれ類入内

- 分裂射影対象と

広大区間の立場から -

榎本 悠久 (大阪公立大)

予定 (キーワード)

1日目

Part I。分裂射影対象・被覆、
南半的有限性

Part II。(南半的有限) ねじれ類と
(C) 傾加群。

2日目

Part III。ねじれ類の(広大)区間, brick スケール。

分裂射影対象と

Hasse 矢の対応

Part IV。変異の性質

Part 0. 二本は何か?

◦ 私が 3年前 くらいに、おじね類 について

勉強、(だから) 身内で発表したセミナー

「 τ -tilting for me」のまとめ

(名大の酒井氏・斎藤氏・東大の行田氏に感謝)

(いくつかは [E-酒井, ICE-closed ...] の
共同研究にちとづく)

◦ 内容: おじね類・ τ 傾理論 周辺の

重要な論文たちの結果 を、

「自分がわかりやすいように」

解説 (だから) (多くを) 別証明を付けたもの

Tool

1. 分裂射影対象 [Auslander-Smalø, 1980]

2. (広大) 区間 [浅井-Pfeifer, 2022]

[Demohet-伊山-Reiten-Thomas 2023] [E-酒井, 2021]

◦ [足立-伊山-Reiten] ・ [Jasso]

◦ [Demohet-伊山-Jasso] ・ [Smalø]

◦ [Marks-Stovicek] ・ [浅井] , ...

ねらい

1. 多くの結果が, Tool を使った分かりやすい
解説・証明があるが,
あまり知られていないようなので布教したい
2. 加群圏の部分圏を調べる理論の入門.

注意

(知っている人向け)

・「加群圏の部分圏」という立場に降化して
見方. 手法なので, 三角圏, とくに
(2-)silting の話は使わない.

・多元環の表現論のキリは仮定
(AR theory, AR quiver)

(傾加群, ねじれ類 は仮定しないが,
tilting torsion class
[ASS] でみたことあるといい)

- ・時肉の關係が報告するトピック多量.
- ・簡単な証明は HW として省略

コピペ こそまで.

以下 極書.

定理. 記法

◦ k : field, A : f.d. k -alg.

◦ $\text{mod } A$: f.g. A -modules cat.

$$\cup \quad \text{proj } A := \text{---} \quad \text{proj } \text{---}$$

$$\text{inj } A := \text{---} \quad \text{inj } \text{---}$$

$$D := \text{Hom}_k(-, k)$$

◦ $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A \quad \mathcal{C} \text{ is } \text{---}$

\mathcal{C} : full subcat \mathcal{C}' ,

isom & summand $\mathcal{C}' \in \mathcal{C}'$. $\begin{matrix} \mathbb{R} \uparrow \\ \mathbb{L} \downarrow \end{matrix}$

◦ $M \in \text{mod } A$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{add } M := \{ N \in \text{mod } A \mid N \cong M^n \}$$

◦ $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{ind } \mathcal{C} := \{ X \in \mathcal{C} \mid X: \text{indecomposable} \}$$

$$|\mathcal{C}| := |\text{ind } \mathcal{C}| \leftarrow \text{---}$$

$$|M| := |\text{add } M|$$

$$= |\{ M \text{ indec. summand } \} / \cong|$$

Part I

I.1. (1.1.2) 射影對象, 好對象

Recall $\text{mod } A \ni P : \text{proj obj} \iff \exists \text{Ext}^1(P, A) = 0$

proj obj (1) $\text{Ext}_A^1(P, \text{mod } A) = 0$

split proj (2) $\forall M \rightarrow P : \text{surj}$ or split or \exists (retraction)

$\pm \exists \text{ is } A_A : \text{projective}$

(3) $\text{mod } A \subseteq \text{Fac } A_A$

cover ($\text{Fac } X := \{ M \in \text{mod } A \mid \exists X^{\oplus n} \rightarrow M \}$)

(\supseteq) $\forall M \exists A^n \rightarrow M$

$\pm \text{ is } \dots$

$P \in \text{Fac } A \iff \text{mod } A \subseteq \text{Fac } P$

$\implies \text{add } P = \text{add } A$

Def $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$. (射影對象)

(1) $P \in \mathcal{C} : \underline{(\text{Ext-}) \text{proj obj}}$

$\iff \text{Ext}_A^1(P, \mathcal{C}) = 0$

(2) $P \in \mathcal{C} : \text{split proj obj}$ (分解射対象) 対象

$\Leftrightarrow \forall M \rightarrow P : \text{surj}$
 \mathcal{C} " split.

SP-proj

(3) $P(\mathcal{C}) := \{ \text{proj obj in } \mathcal{C} \}$

UI

$P_0(\mathcal{C}) := \{ \text{sp-proj obj in } \mathcal{C} \}$

if $\mathcal{C} : \text{extension-closed}$.

$\Leftrightarrow \forall 0 \rightarrow L \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow 0 : \text{EX}$

$L, N \in \mathcal{C} \Rightarrow M \in \mathcal{C}$

HW

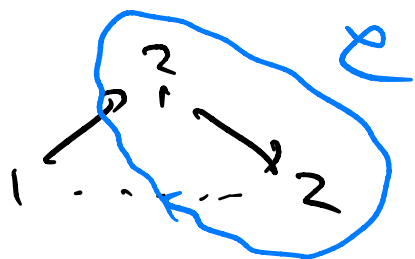
Req

\mathcal{C} の射はすべて分裂射!!

Ex $P(\text{mod } A) = P_0(\text{mod } A) = \text{proj } A$

Ex $A = k \langle 1 \leftarrow 2 \rangle$

$\text{mod } A :$



$P(\mathcal{C}) = \{ 1, 2 \}$

$\cup \times$

$P_0(\mathcal{C}) = \{ 2 \}$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} 2 \rightarrow 2 : \text{surj } \sigma \\ 2 : \text{sp-proj } \sigma \end{array} \right)$

Def $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{mod } A$, ext-closed, $\mathcal{E} \neq \emptyset$.

(1) \mathcal{E} has enough proj

$\Leftrightarrow \forall C \in \mathcal{E}, \exists \text{ S.F.S.}$

$$0 \rightarrow C' \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow C \rightarrow 0 : \text{ex.}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \cap & \cap & \\ \mathcal{E} & \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{E}) & \end{array}$$

(2) $P \in \mathcal{E} : \underline{\text{progenerator}}$

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{E} : \text{enough proj} \nabla \rightarrow$

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{E}) = \text{add } P.$$

Ex

$|\mathcal{E}| < \infty \Rightarrow \mathcal{E} : \text{enough proj}$
(proj $\mathcal{E} \neq \emptyset$)

Prop $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{mod } A$ is "kernel" ext-closed

(i.e., $\forall C_1, C_2 \in \mathcal{E} \forall C_1 \xrightarrow{f} C_2$,
 $\text{Ker } f \in \mathcal{E}$)

exists. $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{E}) = \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{E})$

$\therefore (\supseteq)$ OK

$(\subseteq) \forall P \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{E}), C \xrightarrow{\pi} P : \text{surj.}$

$\leadsto \text{Ker } \pi \in \mathcal{E}$

$$\sim \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \ker \pi \rightarrow C \xrightarrow{\pi} P \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{ex}$$

$$\sim \rightarrow \chi_A(P, \ker \pi) = 0 \quad \text{is split}$$

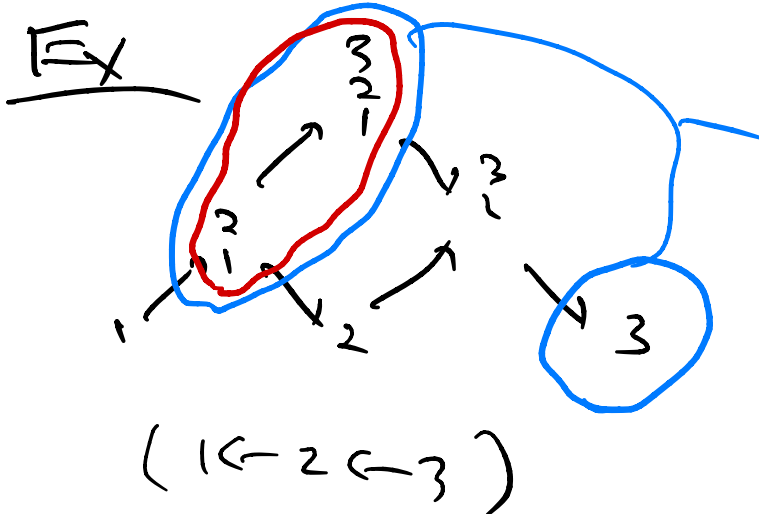
$\therefore \pi$ is retraction. \square

(Ex turf, wide ext-closed kernel, ext-closed)

Fun Fact (HW)

$\mathcal{C} \in \text{mod } A$, ext-closed, enough proj & f.

$$\text{Pol}(\mathcal{C}) = P(\mathcal{C}) \iff \mathcal{C} : \text{epi-ker } \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{C}^{\text{mod}}$$



\mathcal{C} : kernel, ext-closed, (wide)

$$\square = P(\mathcal{C}) = \text{Pol}(\mathcal{C})$$

Cover

Def $\mathcal{C} \in \text{mod } A$ ($t > 0$)

(1) $M \in \mathcal{C}$: cover of \mathcal{C}

$$\iff \mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{Fac } M$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall \mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{E}, \exists M^n \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

(2) $M \in \mathcal{E} : \underline{\text{minimal cover}}$

$$\Leftrightarrow (i) \mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{Fac } M$$

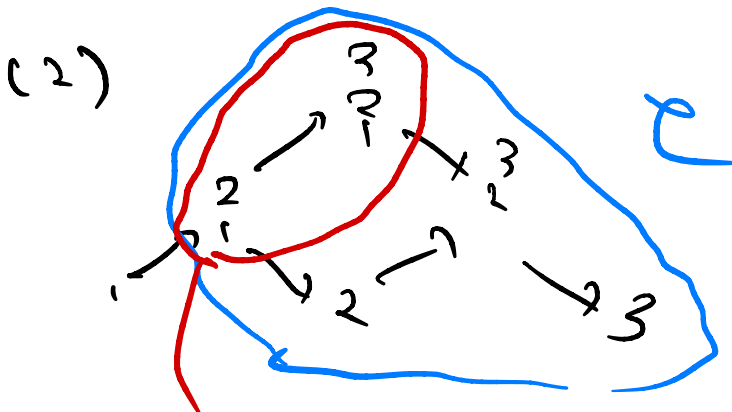
$$(ii) N \oplus M, \mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{Fac } N$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{add } N = \text{add } M.$$

[\circlearrowleft] M is indec & $\tau \notin \mathcal{E}$
 τ is a cover $\tau \notin \mathcal{E}$!

Ex

(1) A_A is mod A a minimal cover.



min. cover = $Po(\mathcal{E})$

Rem

$M : \mathcal{E}$ a cover

$\rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ is a min. cover \Leftrightarrow

(is it unique here??)

Thm [Auslander-Smalø]

$\mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{mod } A : \text{cover } M \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{E}$

$M \in \mathcal{E} : \text{min cover}$

$\iff \text{add } M = \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{E})$

$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{sp-proj } \exists \text{ } \mathcal{E} \\ = \text{min cover} \end{array} \right)$

$\text{Obs } M \in \mathcal{E} : \text{cover}$

$\implies \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{E}) \subseteq \text{add } M$

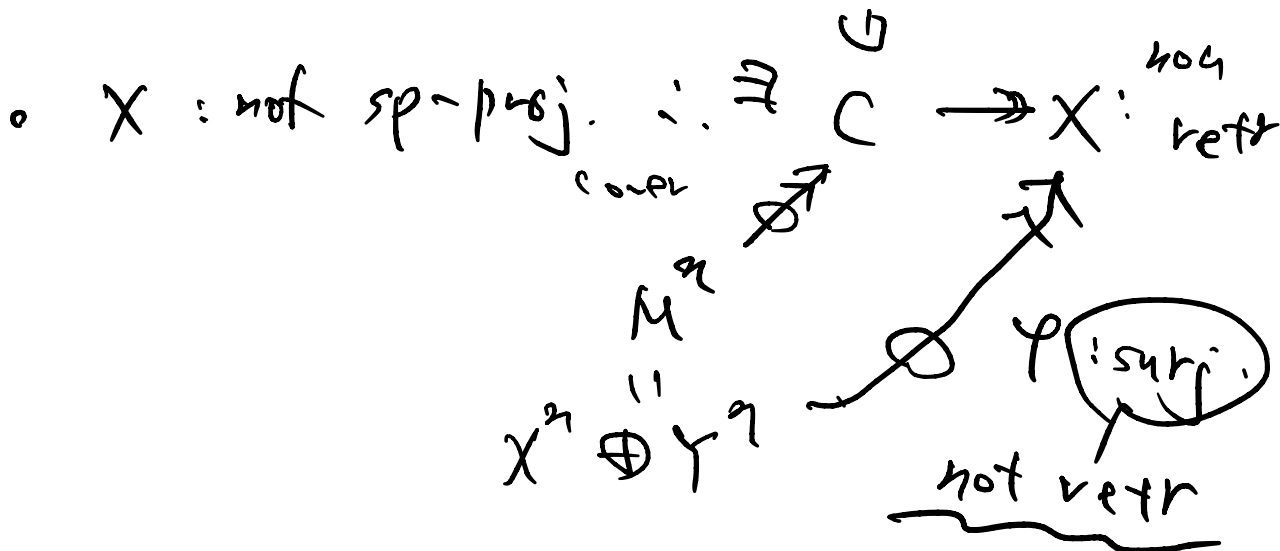
$\left(\begin{array}{l} \exists p : \text{sp-proj.} \\ \text{split.} \end{array} \right) \quad \begin{array}{c} M \oplus \\ \mathcal{E} \end{array} \xrightarrow{p} \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{P} \\ \mathcal{E} \end{array}$

$(\Leftarrow) \text{ Obs } \exists \text{ OK.}$

$(\Rightarrow) \text{ Obs } \exists \text{ add } M \supseteq \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{E})$

$\frac{4.4}{1.1} \langle \dots \rangle \text{ basic}$

$\therefore M = X \oplus Y \quad \begin{array}{l} X : \text{indec.} \\ \mathcal{E} \end{array}$



$$\varphi: \begin{array}{ccc} X^n & \xrightarrow{[f_1, \dots, f_n]} & X \\ \oplus & & \\ Y^n & \xrightarrow{g} & \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{is surj.} \\ \text{is not cover} \end{array}$$

$$f_i: X \rightarrow X: \text{rad } \text{End}_k(X) \quad \varphi: \text{radical.}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow X \notin \mathcal{T}_k \text{ End}_k(X) \text{ mod } \mathcal{T}_k \mathcal{T}_k$$

$$X = (\text{rad } \text{End}_k(X)) \cdot X + \sum \{ \text{Im } h \mid Y \rightarrow X \}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{if } \mathcal{T}_k \text{ is } X = \sum \{ \text{Im } h \mid Y \rightarrow X \}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \exists Y^n \rightarrow X: \text{surj.}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow Y \text{ is } \mathcal{T}_k \text{ cover } \mathcal{T}_k$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (Y^n) \oplus Y^2 & \rightarrow & X^n \oplus Y^2 \rightarrow C \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \text{Minimal cover}$$

Recall cover $\mathcal{T}_k \mathcal{T}_k \in \mathcal{T}_k \mathcal{T}_k$!

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} |\mathcal{T}_k| < \infty \Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_k: \text{cover } \mathcal{T}_k \\ |\mathcal{T}_k| = \infty \text{ is } \end{array} \right)$$

□

I.2. 模的有限性

Def

$$\mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{mod } A \ni X$$

$$(1) X \xrightarrow{f} C^X : \text{left } \mathcal{E}\text{-approximation}$$

\Leftrightarrow

- $C^X \in \mathcal{E}$
 - $\forall X \rightarrow C \in \mathcal{E}$
- $f \downarrow \exists \text{ } \uparrow$
 C^X

preproj

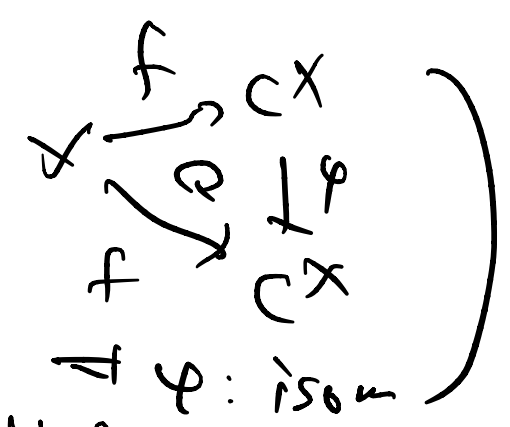


\mathcal{E}
 cover \mathcal{E} -approx

$\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{E}) = D$

$$(2) f : X \rightarrow C^X : \text{left minimal } \mathcal{E}\text{-approx}$$

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{E}\text{-approx } \exists \uparrow$
 left min \Leftrightarrow



$$(3) \mathcal{E} \subseteq \text{mod } A : \text{共变有限}$$

(covariantly finite)
 cov. fin.

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall X \in \text{mod } A \exists \uparrow \mathcal{E}\text{-approx } \exists \uparrow$$

Dually for \mathcal{E} -approx $\underbrace{C_X \rightarrow X}_{\min.}$

反變有限
(contravariantly finite)
cont. fin.

(4) \mathcal{E} : functorially finite
(fun. fin)

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{E}$: cov. fin & cont. fin

$$\exists C_X \xrightarrow{\iota} X \xrightarrow{\pi} C_X$$

Fact

(1) HW $|\mathcal{E}| < \infty$ *

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E}$: fun. fin.

(2) $\mathcal{E} \leq \text{mod } A$: fun. fin (ext-closed)

$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{E} \text{ is AR \& } \mathcal{E} \supset \dots \\ \mathcal{E} \text{ is enough proj \& } \text{inj} \end{array} \right\}$

(3) HW $\exists X \rightarrow C^X$: \mathcal{E} -approx

$\Rightarrow \exists X \rightarrow (C^X)'$: min. \mathcal{E} -approx

Ex $\text{inj } A \subseteq \text{mod } A$: fin. fin. \mathcal{C} .

$X \rightarrow I^X$: left \mathcal{C} $\text{inj } A$ - approx

//
 X is inj hull.

Thm [AS]

\mathcal{C} : fin. \oplus "z" \mathcal{C} .

$\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$: TFAE

(1) \mathcal{C} is cover \mathcal{C}

(2) A_A is \mathcal{C} -approx \mathcal{C} .

($\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C}$: cov. fin $\Rightarrow \mathcal{C}$: cover \mathcal{C})

$\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C}$, $A \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^A$: left min \mathcal{C} -approx

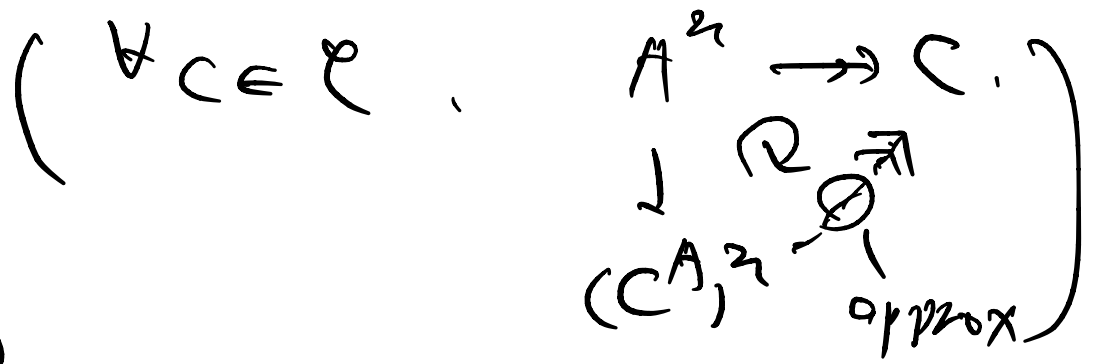
$\rightarrow \mathcal{C}^A$ is a min. cover,

($\therefore \text{add } \mathcal{C}^A = \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{C})$)

(2) \Rightarrow (1)

$A \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^A$: left \mathcal{C} -approx \mathcal{C} .

$\leadsto CA$ is \mathcal{C} cover.

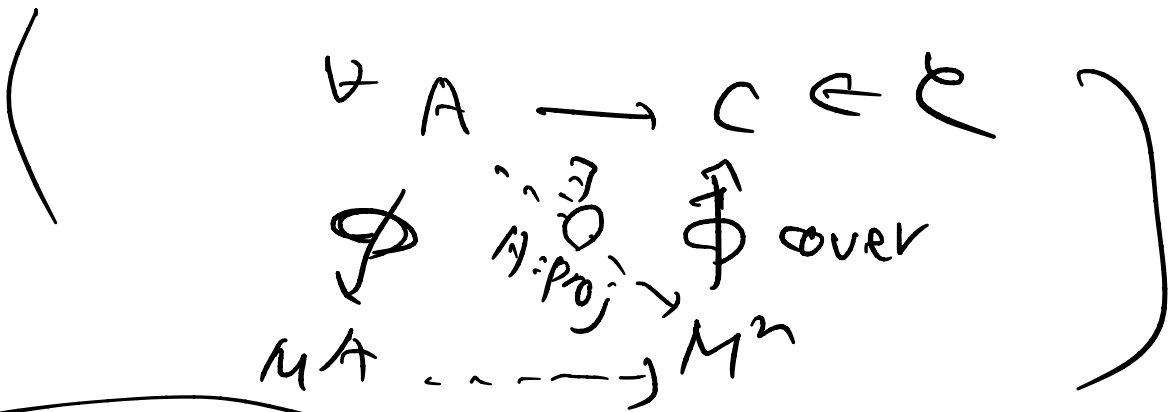


(1) \Rightarrow (2).

$M \in \mathcal{C}$: cover \exists .

$A \rightarrow M^A$: left $(\text{add } M)$ -approx \exists .

is \mathcal{C} -approx \exists .



$\exists \delta \in \perp \mathcal{K} \mathcal{P} \mathcal{Q}$

$M \in \mathcal{C}$: min cover \exists .

$f: (A \rightarrow M^A)$ left min $(\text{add } M)$ -approx

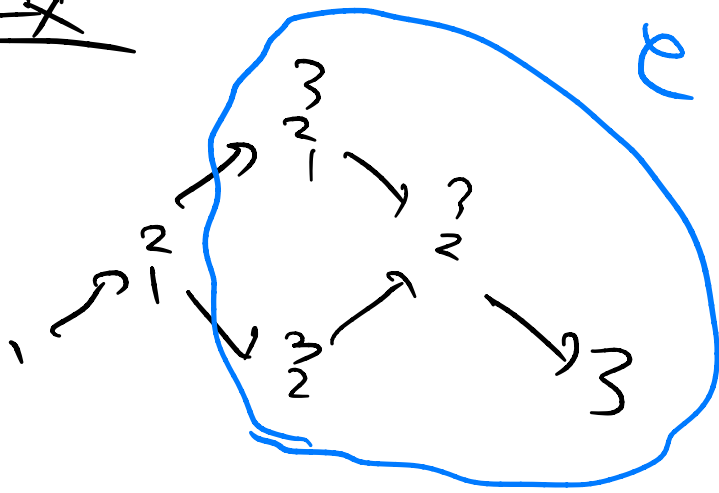
\leadsto (1) \Rightarrow (2) \exists) f : left min \mathcal{C} -approx.

- \exists (2) \Rightarrow (1) \exists) M^A is \mathcal{C} cover.

$M^A \in \text{add } M$. \leadsto M is minimal ($\exists \delta$)

$$\text{add } M = \text{add } MA$$

Ex



left is \mathcal{E} -approx

$$P(1) : 1 \longrightarrow \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$P(2) : \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \oplus \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\oplus P(3) : \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$A \longrightarrow \begin{matrix} 3 \oplus B \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \oplus \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

left is \mathcal{E} -approx

$$\therefore \longrightarrow \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix}, \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix} = P_0(\mathcal{E})$$

sp-proj = min cover is

A is left is approx τ fix $\{3\}$

Def $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$: image-closed

$\Leftrightarrow \forall C_1 \xrightarrow{f} C_2, C_1 \in \mathcal{C}, C_2 \in \mathcal{C}$

$\Rightarrow \text{Im } f \in \mathcal{C}$.

(Ex tors, torf, wide)

Thm [AS]

\mathcal{C} : image-closed \Leftrightarrow TFAE

(1) \mathcal{C} : cov. fin.

(2) \mathcal{C} : cover ∇

☹

(1) \Rightarrow (2)

\mathcal{C} : cov. fin. ORS

$\exists A \rightarrow C^A$: left \mathcal{C} -approx

\uparrow cover tors ∇ , ∇ ∇

(2) \Rightarrow (1) $t \cong "X 1 !!$

$\forall X \in \text{mod } A,$

$$\rightsquigarrow \exists A^n \longrightarrow X \text{ : surj}$$

\exists left ϵ -approx by \mathbb{Z} -f.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \downarrow f \text{ p.o.l.} & \\
 & CA^n & \dashrightarrow \text{?} \\
 & & \downarrow \epsilon\text{-approx?}
 \end{array}$$

$\circ C \in \mathcal{C} \text{ } \epsilon \text{ } \mathcal{P} : X \rightarrow C \text{ } \mathcal{F}$
 全射 全射 (2)

$$X \xrightarrow{\pi \varphi_i} \prod_{i \in I} C_i \quad \mathcal{F} \text{ } \mathcal{C} \text{ } \mathcal{F}$$

$\mathcal{F} \text{ mod } A.$

各 $i \in I$ 上:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A^n & \longrightarrow & X \\
 \downarrow f & & \downarrow \varphi_i \\
 CA^n & \xrightarrow{\exists \psi_i} & C_i
 \end{array}$$

($\because f$: ϵ -approx)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \rightsquigarrow & A^n & \longrightarrow & X \\
 \pi & \downarrow & & \downarrow \pi \varphi_i \\
 & CA^n & \xrightarrow{\exists \psi_i} & \prod C_i \\
 & \downarrow \pi \psi_i & & \downarrow \pi \varphi_i \\
 & & & \prod C_i
 \end{array}$$

$$D := \text{Im}(\pi\psi_i) \subseteq \mathcal{E}$$

\$E\$ 閉可.

C^{A^2} , C_i (f.d. 空間)

$$D = \frac{C^{A^2}}{\text{Ker } \psi_i}$$

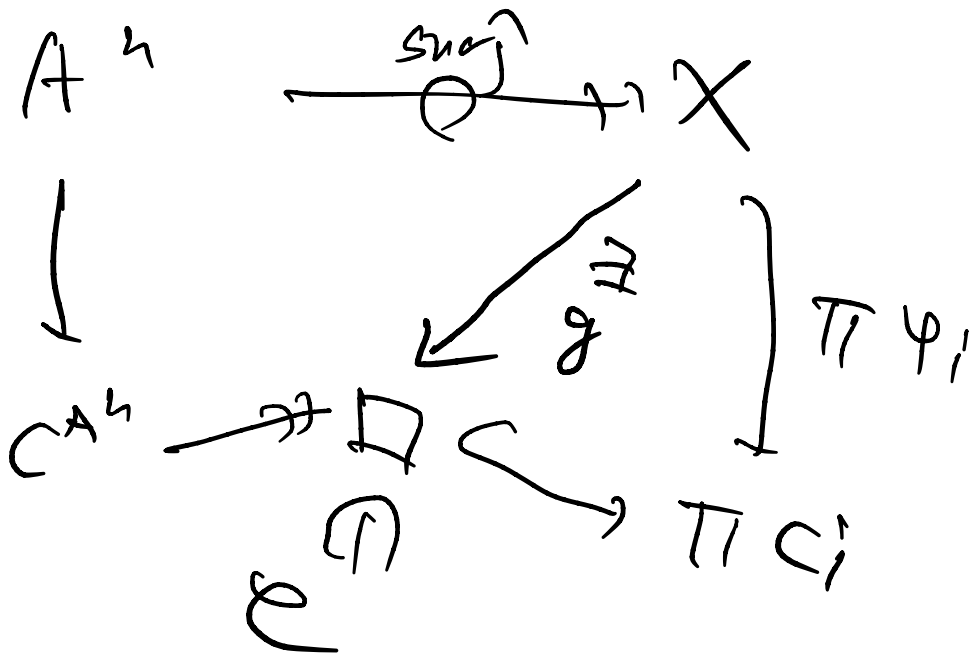
有限次元空間

$$= \frac{C^{A^2}}{\text{Ker } \psi_1 \cap \dots \cap \text{Ker } \psi_2}$$

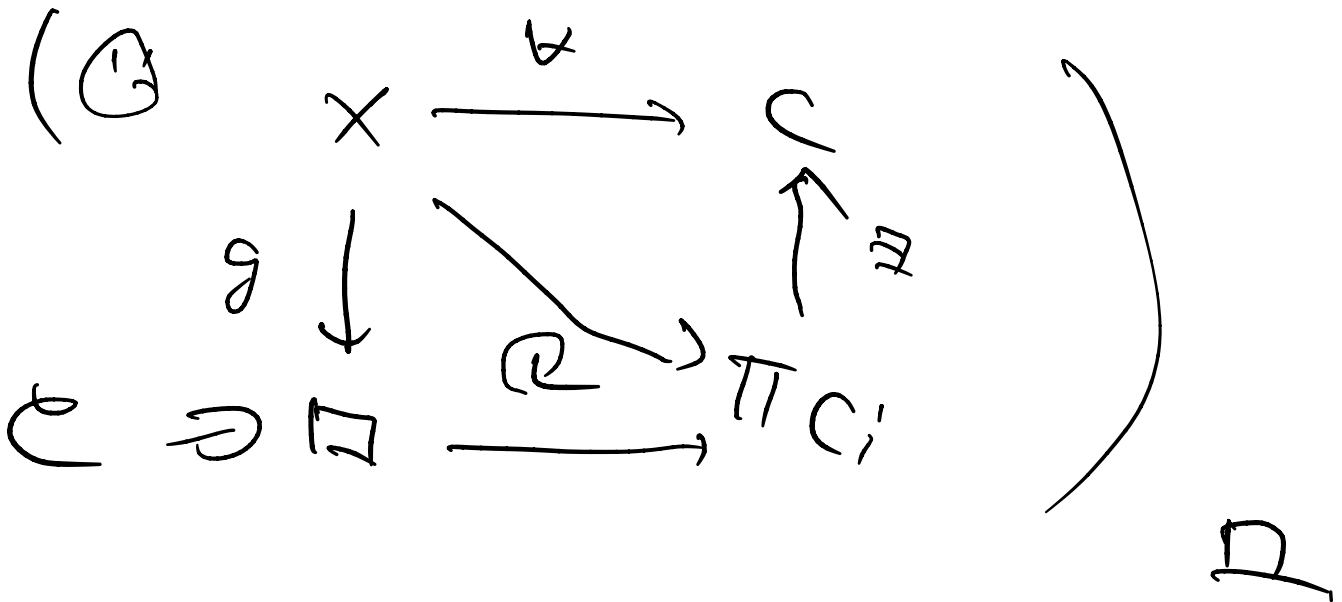
$$= \text{Im} \left(C^{A^2} \xrightarrow{\psi} C_{i_1} \oplus \dots \oplus C_{i_2} \right)$$

\$E\$ 閉可

\$E\$: im-closed.



\sim $g = \chi_a$ left ϵ -approx.



Def $\epsilon \subseteq \text{mod } A$,

ϵ : wide subcat
($\epsilon \neq \tau$)

$\Leftrightarrow \epsilon$: ker, cok, ext τ
 $\epsilon \subsetneq \tau$.

$(\rightarrow) \epsilon$: abelian

(image-closed)

IKF-closed

Cor

ϵ : image, kernel, ext-closed $\epsilon \neq \tau$.

TRUE (1) ϵ : cov. fin

(e.g. wide, torf)

(2) ϵ : cover $\neq \tau$

(3) \mathcal{C} : progen $\mathcal{F}\mathcal{F}$,

$\Rightarrow \exists \mathcal{C}'$. \mathcal{C} a min cover
= \mathcal{C} a progen.

(1) \Leftrightarrow (2) OK

(3) \Rightarrow (2) 明証.

($P: \mathcal{P}(Y) \Rightarrow \forall X \mathcal{P}^{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0$)
 $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}^{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0$
 $\leadsto P$ i cover.

(2) \Rightarrow (3) \mathcal{C} a min cover $P \notin \mathcal{C}$

$\leadsto P \in \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{C}) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{C})$

$\leadsto \forall X \in \mathcal{C}$. \exists

$0 \rightarrow X' \rightarrow \mathcal{P}^{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0$
 \mathcal{C} cover.

\mathcal{C}

\mathcal{C} : ker-closed

$\therefore \mathcal{C}$ is a progen. \square

Key Cor $W \subseteq \text{mod } A$: wide subrat.

TRUE (1) W : cov. fin

(2) W : cont. fin

(3) W : fun. fin.

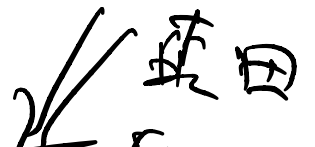
(4) $W \simeq \text{mod } B \iff B$: f.d. alg.



is it true?

(1) $\iff W$: cover $\iff W$: projective \neq

$B \neq \text{mod } B$
COVER



$W \simeq \text{mod } B$

$(B \simeq \text{End}(R))$



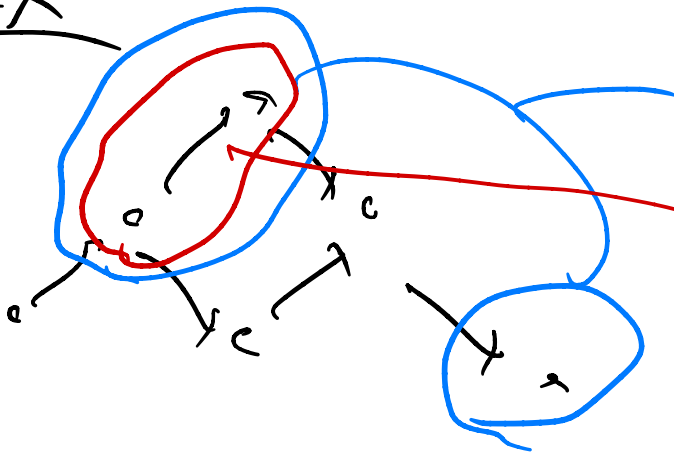
\square : $W \subseteq$
COVER.

$\square \leftarrow B$

(4) is it true?

(2), (3) \neq (3) \square

Ex



W : wide,

progen of W

$\rightsquigarrow W \cong \text{mod } k \quad (1 \leftarrow 2)$

Same \Rightarrow wide

Sub
quot

ker
colker

W wide

$W \cong \text{mod } A$

exact.

Subj 16



Part II. 右(左)類, (右)傾加群.

II.1. Tilting vs tors.

Def $e, D \subseteq \text{mod } A$.

$$e * D := \left\{ X \in \text{mod } A \mid \begin{array}{c} \exists \\ 0 \rightarrow C \rightarrow X \rightarrow D \rightarrow 0 \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ e \quad D: X \end{array} \right\}$$

Def (T, F) : $\text{mod } A$ の subcat の 2 つ, e に対して (torsion pair)

$$: \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (1) \text{Hom}_A(T, F) = 0 \\ (2) \text{mod } A = T * F \end{cases}$$

このとき T : 右(左)類 (torsion class)

F : 自由類 (torsion-free class)

と 0 類.

「tors. pair = $\text{mod } A$ の直交分解」

$\leadsto \forall x \in \text{mod } A.$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \neq \textcircled{!} \textcircled{\text{HW}} & & i & & p & & \\ 0 \rightarrow & \mathcal{T}X & \rightarrow & X & \rightarrow & \mathcal{F}X & \rightarrow 0 \\ & \uparrow & & & & \uparrow & \\ & \mathcal{T} & & & & \mathcal{F} & \end{array}$$

$\textcircled{\text{HW}}$ i : right mod \mathcal{T} -approx

p : left mod \mathcal{F} -approx.

\dagger, \mathcal{T} : cont. fin.

\mathcal{F} : cov. fin. \mathcal{T}

Prop $\textcircled{\text{HW}}$ $\mathcal{T} \subseteq \text{mod } A$: tors

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{T}$: ext, fac-closed.

$$\left(\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} \forall \mathcal{T} \rightarrow M & & \\ \uparrow & & \\ \mathcal{T} \rightarrow M \in \mathcal{T} & & \end{array} \right)$$

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{T}^\perp$

$$\mathcal{T}^\perp := \{ x \in \text{mod } A \mid (\mathcal{T}, x) = 0 \}$$

$\leadsto (\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}^\perp)$: tors. pair.

Def

$$\text{tors } A := \{ \text{mod } A \text{ or tors } T \subseteq S \}$$

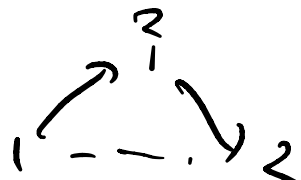
$$\text{torf } A := \{ \text{--- torf ---} \}$$

\leadsto (包含 \subseteq) poset.

$$\text{tors } A \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{(-)} \\ \xleftrightarrow{\quad} \\ \xleftarrow{(-)} \end{array} \text{torf } A : \underline{\text{bij}}$$

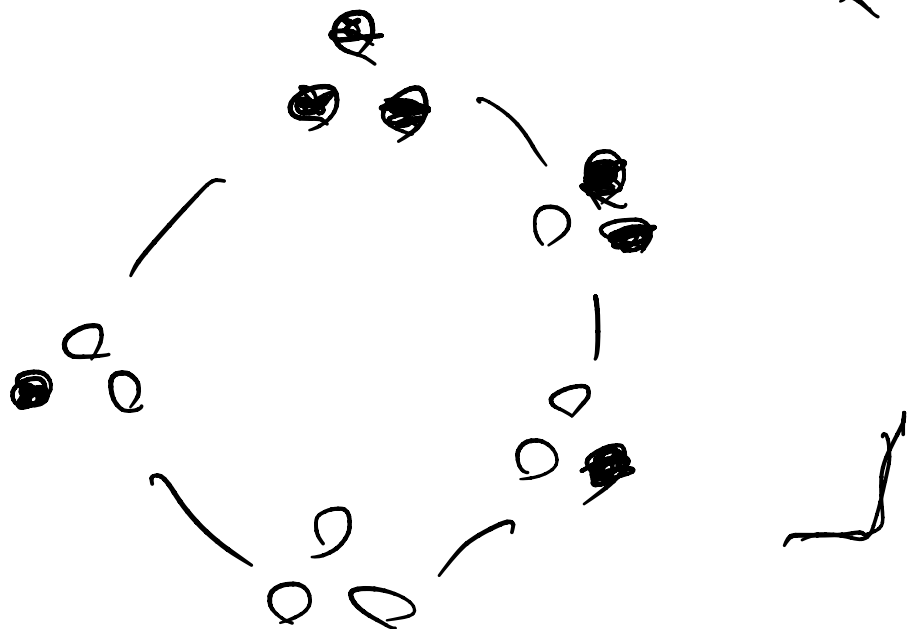
(anti-isom of posets)

Ex $A = k(1 \leftarrow 2)$

$\leadsto \text{mod } A:$ 

52

$\leadsto \text{tors } A:$



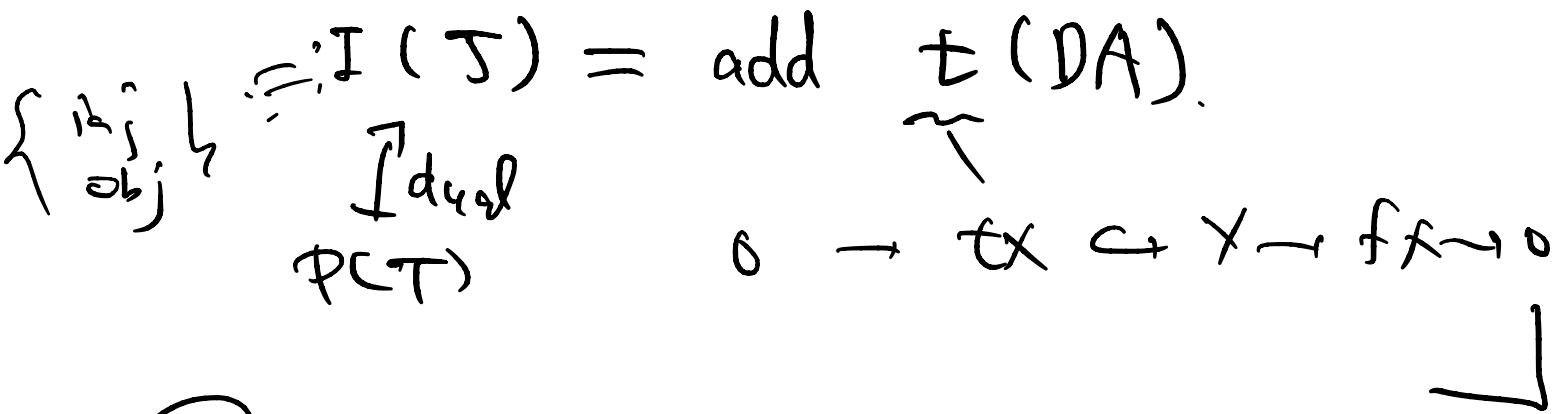
Part I of \mathbb{R}

Thm $T \in \text{tors } A \iff \exists \delta \text{ "id"}$

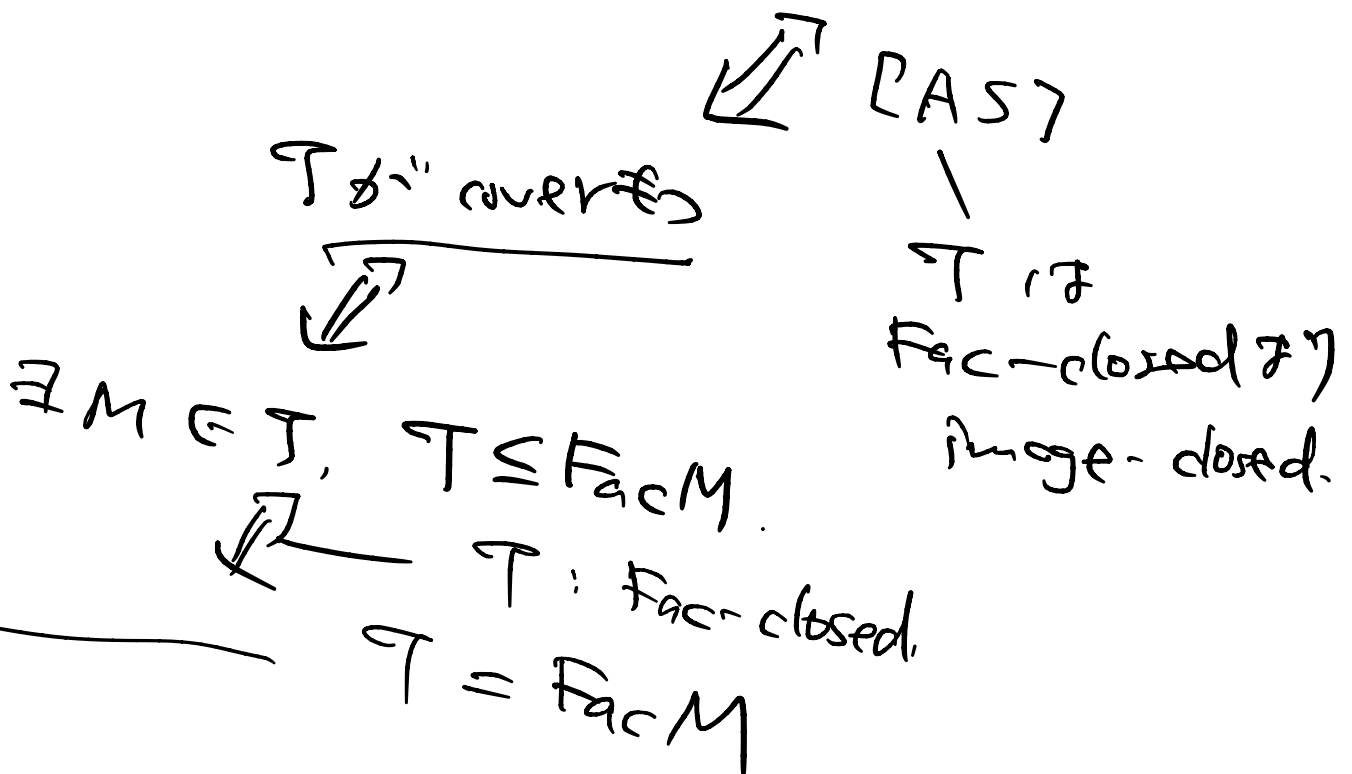
(1) $T : \text{fun. fin} \iff T : \text{cov. fin}$

$\iff \exists M \in T \text{ s.t. } T = \text{Fac } M.$

(2) T is enough in τ'' ,



(1) $T : \text{fun. fin} \iff T : \text{cov. fin}$



(2) T is cont. fin. τ -inj \mathcal{F} , $T =$
 $(TX \hookrightarrow X)$

T_I is Cor or dual \mathcal{F}

T is inj cogen $\mathcal{F} \neq \emptyset$,

\hookrightarrow

$t(DA)$ \hookrightarrow DA : min right
 T -approx. \mathcal{F}

T is inj cogen $t(DA)$ $\neq \emptyset$,

\square

Rem T is enough proj $\in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{F})$

$P(\mathcal{F}) = \{0\} \neq \emptyset$

\hookrightarrow enough proj? \leftarrow

fun. fin
 $\neq \emptyset!$

fun. fin. tors a proj $\neq \emptyset$!

Thm $T \in \text{tors } A$, fun. fin \mathcal{F}

$A \xrightarrow{f} T_0^A$: left min T -approx

$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow 0$: ex $\mathcal{F} \neq \emptyset$.

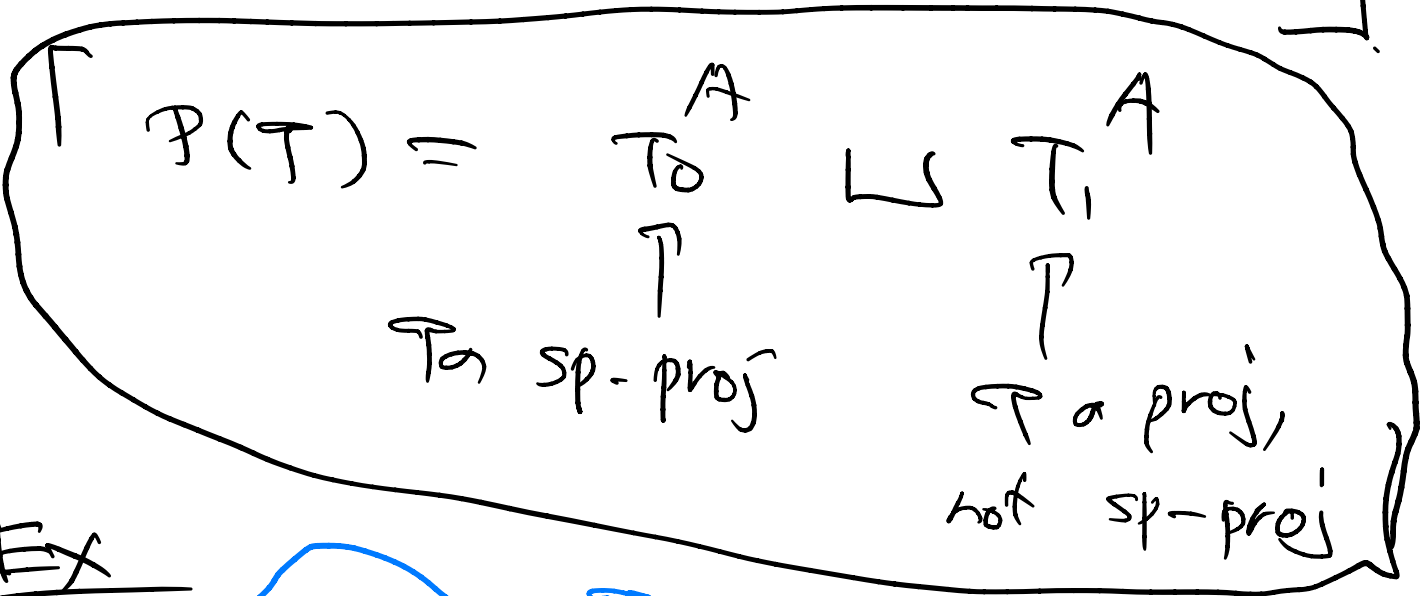
(1) $\text{add } T_0^A = \mathcal{P}_0(\mathcal{T})$,

$T_1^A \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{T})$

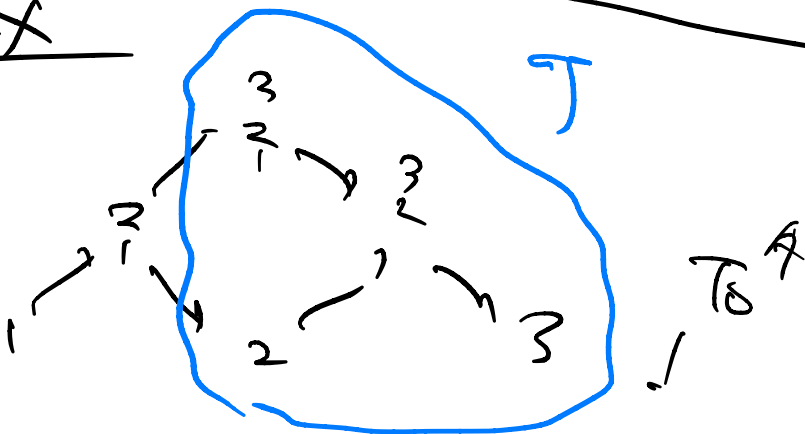
(2) $\text{ind } T_0^A \cap \text{ind } T_1^A = \emptyset$.

(3) $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{T}) = \text{add} (T_0^A \oplus T_1^A)$. (x) \notin .

$T_0^A \oplus T_1^A$ is \mathcal{T} a progen. $\Leftarrow \exists$



Ex



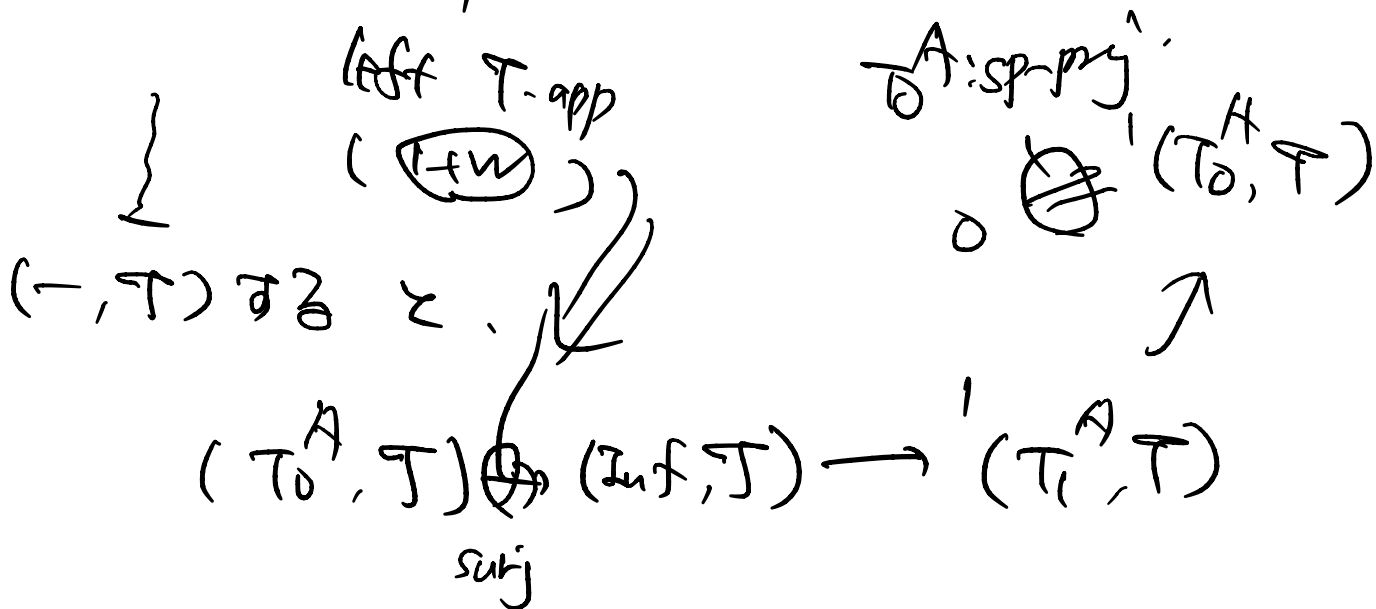
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & 1 & \rightarrow & \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{array} & \rightarrow & \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \end{array} & \rightarrow & 0 \\
 & -2 & \rightarrow & \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{array} \oplus \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array} & \rightarrow & \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \end{array} & \rightarrow & 0 \\
 \oplus & -2 \oplus & \rightarrow & \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{array} & \rightarrow & 0 & \rightarrow & 0
 \end{array}$$

$$A \rightarrow T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow 0$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{P}(T) = \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix}, 2}_{\text{sp-proj}} \cup \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}}_{\text{proj, not sp-proj}}$$

① (1) add $T_0^A = \mathcal{P}_0(T)$ is OK.

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Inf} \oplus T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow 0$$



$$\therefore T_1^A \in \mathcal{P}(T)$$

(2) $\exists M \in \text{ind } T_0^A \cap \text{ind } T_1^A$ is possible.

$\leadsto M: \text{sp-proj in } T$

$$\leadsto T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \xrightarrow{\text{proj}} M \text{ is } \text{split}$$

(ML, \exists a Len \mathfrak{A})
 $T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A$: radical.

$\rightarrow T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow M$: radical

hof retr.
 $\Delta(\mathfrak{A}) \cup \dots$

Len(GW)

$(0 \rightarrow) L \xrightarrow{f} M \xrightarrow{g} N \rightarrow 0$ is sur

f : left min $\Leftrightarrow \mathfrak{J} \in \text{rad.}$

(3) $T_0^A \oplus T_1^A$: \mathfrak{T} a progen & \mathfrak{A} \mathfrak{J} .

$\forall X \in \mathfrak{T}, T_0^A$: \mathfrak{T} a cover \mathfrak{A}

\exists left T-opp.

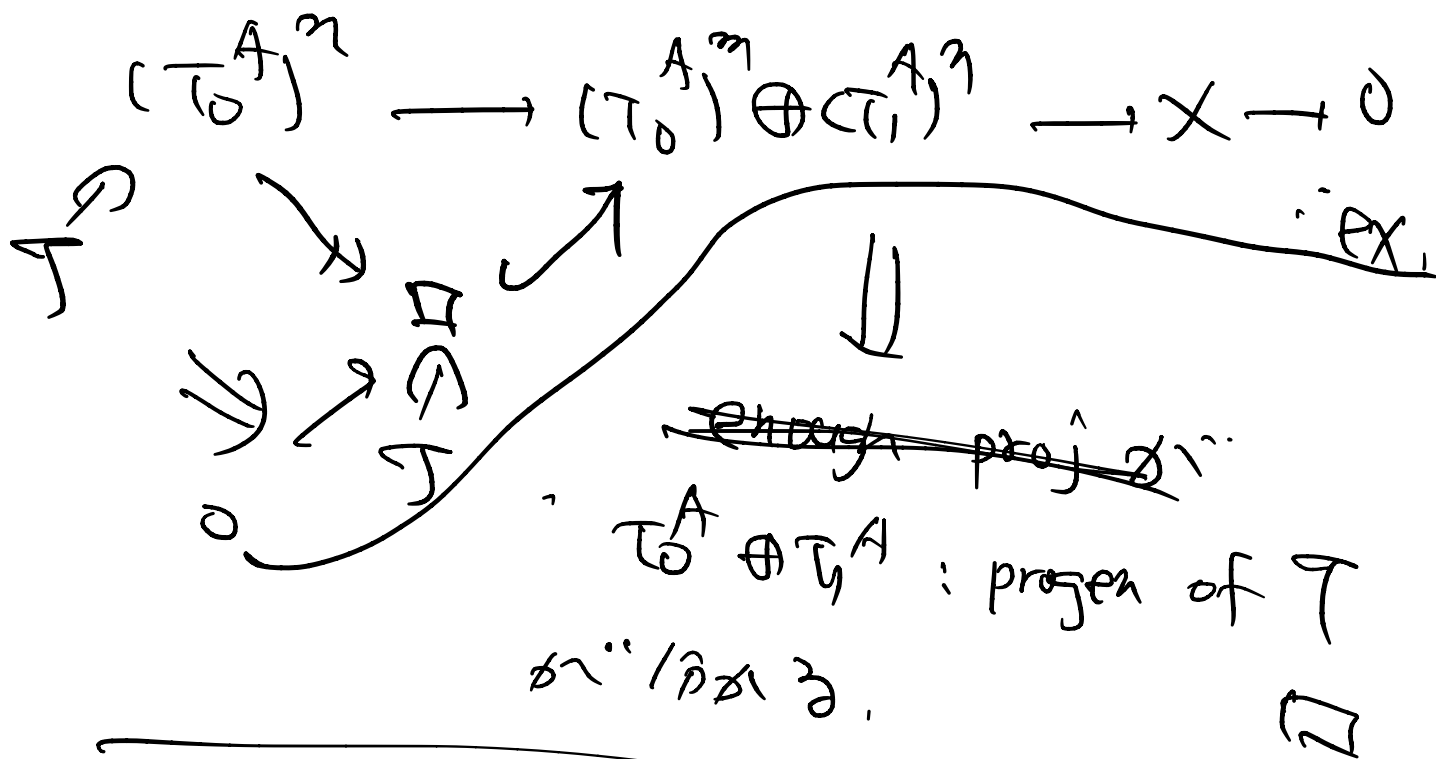
$A^{\mathfrak{A}} \rightarrow (T_0^A)^{\mathfrak{A}} \rightarrow (T_1^A)^{\mathfrak{A}} \rightarrow 0$

\exists \downarrow $(*) \downarrow \exists$
 $0 \rightarrow K \rightarrow (T_0^A)^{\mathfrak{A}} \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0$ $\exists \mathfrak{A} X$

$(*)$ is \Rightarrow "surj" \mathfrak{A}

push out $\Rightarrow \mathfrak{A} \mathfrak{J}$!

$\rightarrow \mathfrak{A} \mathfrak{J}$ \mathfrak{A}



tilt. mod

Def $T \in \text{mod } A$.

(1) T : partial tilting module

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \circ \text{ pd } T \leq 1 \\ \circ \exists_{X \in A} \text{Ext}^1(T, T) = 0. \end{cases}$$

(2) T : tilting module

傾加群

$\Leftrightarrow T$: part. tilt $\exists \lambda > 0$

\Leftrightarrow

$$0 \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow \tau_0 \longrightarrow \tau_1 \longrightarrow 0 \quad \text{ex}$$

add τ ($= \lambda \tau$)

Prop T : tilt, 2-tilt.

$$(1) \text{ Fac } T = T^{\perp 1} := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} X \in \text{mod } A \\ \text{Ext}^1(T, X) = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

(2) $\text{Fac } T$ is tors

(3) ————— $\text{progen } T \not\subseteq \text{Fac } T$.

(1) $\exists 0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow T_0 \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow 0$: ex.

left $(T^{\perp 1})$ -approx \exists (HW)

$\leadsto T^{\perp 1}$ is cover $T_0 \in \text{Fac } T$.

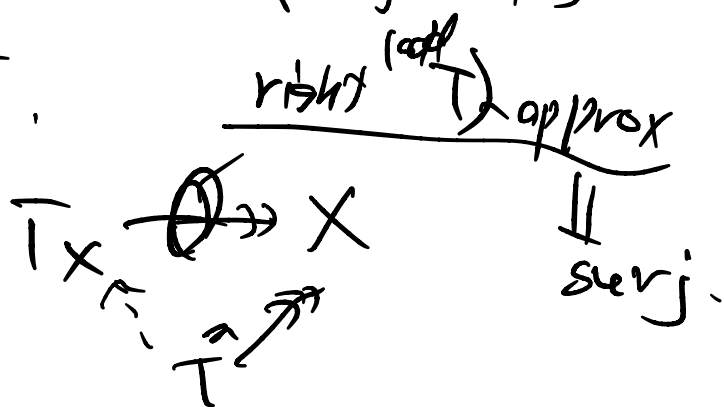
$$\therefore T^{\perp 1} \subseteq \text{Fac } T.$$

$\text{Fac } T$ is tors. $T^{\perp 1}$ is tors. $\Rightarrow T$ OK

(2) (HW)

(3) $T \in \text{Fac } T$ s.t. $\text{progen } \bar{\mathbb{R}} \not\subseteq \text{Fac } T$.

$\forall X \in \text{Fac } T,$



$$\sim \left[0 \rightarrow K \rightarrow T_X \rightarrow X \rightarrow 0 \right]$$

$\cong (T, -)$ \exists λ .

$$(T, T_X) \xrightarrow{\text{approx}} (T, X) \xrightarrow{\lambda} (T, K) \xrightarrow{\lambda} (T, T_X)$$

Surj $\therefore K \in T^{\perp 1} \cong \text{Fact}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} T \in \mathcal{P}(\text{Fact}) \text{ (J)} \\ \text{Fact} = \underline{T^{\perp 1}} \text{ (K)} \end{array} \right)$$

Def $\mathcal{T} \in \text{tors } A$: faithful

$$\iff \text{ann } \mathcal{T} = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{ii} \\ \{ a \in A \mid \forall \mathcal{T} \in \mathcal{T} \quad \mathcal{T}a = 0 \} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\iff DA \in \mathcal{T}$$

HW

Thm $\mathcal{T} \in \text{tors } A$. $\mathcal{T}FA \in$.

(1) $\exists T$: tilting s.t. $\mathcal{T} = \text{Fact } T$.

(2) \mathcal{T} : fun. fin & faithful. \lrcorner

① (1) \Rightarrow (2)

Fact: cover $T \neq \emptyset$

\Rightarrow fun. fin. tors.

$$\text{Fact } T = T^{\perp 1} \ni \text{DA}$$

\therefore faithful.

(2) \Rightarrow (1)

T : fun. fin. tors

$$\leadsto \exists A \xrightarrow{f} T_0 \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow 0$$

left T -approx

$\leadsto T$: faithful \Rightarrow HW f : inj

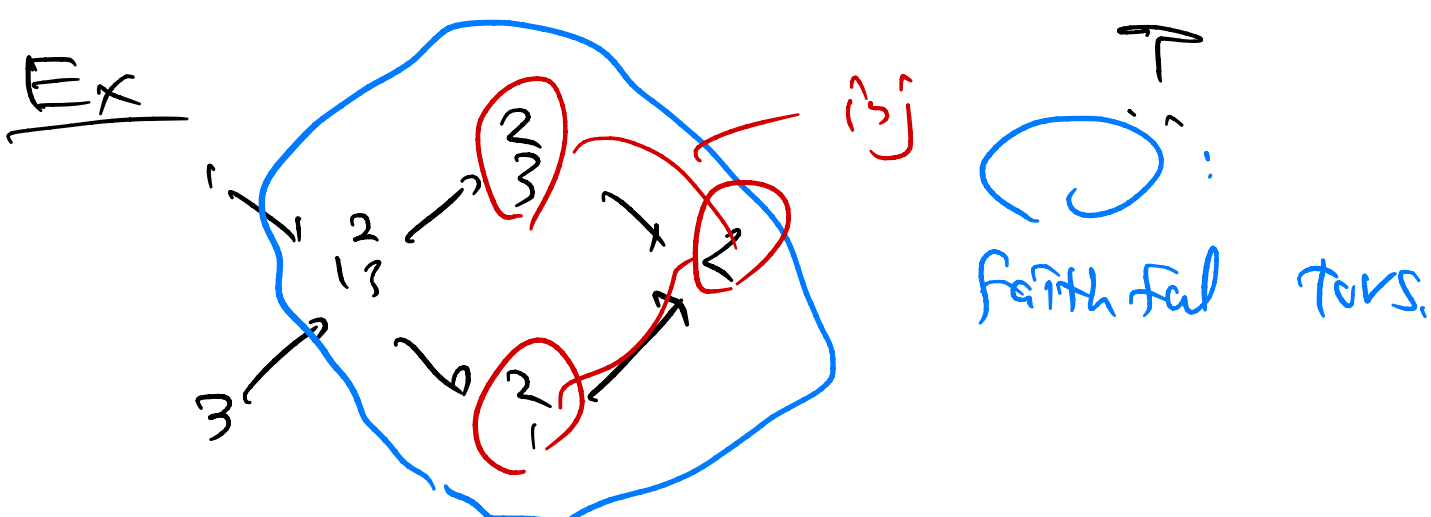
$$\leadsto 0 \rightarrow A \rightarrow T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{S.P.S.}$$

$$\leadsto T = \text{Fac } T_0^A = \text{Fac } (T_0^A \oplus T_1^A)$$

$$T := T_0^A \oplus T_1^A: \text{tilt?}$$

\uparrow T approx $\neq 1$

$$(T, T) = 0$$



$$K(1 \leftarrow 2 \rightarrow 3)$$

$$1 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 13 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\begin{matrix} 2 \\ 13 \end{matrix} \cong \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\oplus \quad 3 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 13 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \rightarrow 0$$

$$0 \rightarrow A \xrightarrow{\tau} T_0^A \rightarrow T_1^A \rightarrow 0$$

$$P(\tau) = \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 2 \\ 13 \end{matrix}}_{\text{sp-proj}} \underbrace{\begin{matrix} 2 \\ 1, 3 \end{matrix}}_{\text{proj, not sp-proj}} : \text{tilting}$$

II. 2. τ -tilting

Prop [Auslander Smalø]

$X, Y \in \text{mod } A$. TFAE.

(1) $\text{Hom}_A(X, \tau Y) = 0$.

$$(2) \text{Ext}'_A(Y, \text{Fac } X) = 0. \quad \downarrow$$

☹ AR formula

$$\text{Ext}'_A(Y, X) = \overline{\text{Hom}}(X, \tau Y) \quad \downarrow$$

(1) \Rightarrow (2) $X' \in \text{Fac } X \Rightarrow \tau X' = 0.$

$$\exists X'' \rightarrow X'$$

$$\hookrightarrow 0 \rightarrow (X', \tau Y) \rightarrow (X'', \tau Y) : \alpha$$

$$\therefore \text{Hom}(X', \tau Y) = 0. \quad \parallel$$

$$\therefore \text{AR } \#1) \text{Ext}'(Y, X') = 0.$$

(2) \Rightarrow (1) $f: X \rightarrow \tau Y \in \mathcal{E}_2.$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ X \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Im } f \end{array}$$

(2) $\#1)$

$$\text{Ext}'(Y, \text{Im } f) = 0$$

$$\therefore \text{AR } \#1) \overline{\text{Hom}}(\text{Im } f, \tau Y) = 0.$$

$$\sim \quad \text{Im } f \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}Y$$

$$\text{inj hull. } \begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{C} & & \mathcal{C} \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \\ \mathcal{I} & & \mathcal{I} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Im } f & & \text{Im } f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{C} & & \mathcal{C} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{I} & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{I}} & \mathcal{I} \\ & & \exists (\dots \mathcal{I} : \text{inj.}) \end{array}$$

\sim inj hull: (left min \mathcal{C})

$$\mathcal{I} \text{ of } \mathcal{C}Y \text{ of } \mathcal{I} : \text{isom.} \Rightarrow$$

sec

vert.

$$\mathcal{I} \oplus \mathcal{C}Y$$

$$\sim \text{ can } \mathcal{C}Y : \text{inj surround } \mathcal{I} \oplus \mathcal{C}Y$$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{I} = 0.$$

$$\sim \text{Im } f = 0$$

$$\sim f = 0. \quad \square.$$

Def $M : \tau\text{-rigid}$

$$: \Leftrightarrow \text{Hom}(M, \tau M) = 0.$$

$$\stackrel{\pm, \#}{\Leftrightarrow} \text{Ext}^1(M, \text{Fac}M) = 0.$$

"Def" $M \in \text{mod} A : \underline{\text{台 } \tau \text{ 傾 } \text{ 傾 } \text{ 傾}}$
(~~support~~ τ -tilting)
 $s\tau$ -tilt)

$$: \Leftrightarrow (1) M : \tau\text{-rigid}$$

$$(2) M \in \text{mod } \frac{A}{\text{ann}M} : \tau\tau$$

tilting module. \downarrow

$$s\tau\text{-tilt}A := \{ s.\tau\text{-tilt. mod } A \}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} M \in \text{mod} A \\ \Leftrightarrow \text{add } M \\ = \text{add } N. \end{array}$$

Prop (HW)

$$M : \tau\text{-rigid} \Rightarrow \text{Fac}M : \text{tors.}$$

$$\uparrow \left(\text{Ext}^1(M, \text{Fac}M) = 0 \text{ \& \#} \right)$$

Thm \exists a bij. \exists $\{ \}$. $\text{tors } A$
 \cup

$$\text{st-tilt } A \rightleftarrows f\text{-tors } A$$

\parallel
 $\{ \text{fun. fin. tors } \tau \}$

$$M \rightleftarrows \text{Fac } M$$

$$\underbrace{\tau \text{ a progen.}} \longleftarrow \tau$$

[Adachi - Iyama - Reitey]

⊖ Well-defined?

\rightarrow is ok,

\leftarrow is, $\tau \in f\text{-tors } A$

\leadsto τ is progen $M \notin \tau$.

\leadsto $\tau = \text{Fac } M$.

$(M, \tau) = 0 \implies M : \tau\text{-rigid.}$

$\text{Fac } M$

$\tau \subseteq \text{mod } A / \text{ann } M$ \exists $\{ \}$.

$$\text{ann } \mathcal{T} = \text{ann } M. (\because \mathcal{T} = \text{Fac } M)$$

$$\leadsto \mathcal{T} \subseteq \text{mod } A / \text{ann } M$$

\therefore faithful, tors $(= \text{tors})$

$\leadsto M$: faithful, tors a progen
in $\text{mod } A / \text{ann } M$

\leadsto M : tilting $A / \text{ann } M$ -module.

$\therefore M$: st-tilt.

$\mathcal{T} \dots = \mathcal{T}$ is $\neq \mathcal{T}$ is $\neq \mathcal{T}$

□

II.3. Counting argument

Fact. $T \in \text{mod } A$: partial tilt

$$\Rightarrow |T| \leq |A| \leftarrow \text{alg of rank.}$$

$$(\text{tors} \leftrightarrow T: \text{tilt})$$

Def $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A$

$\leadsto \text{supp } \mathcal{C} := \left\{ S : \text{simple } A\text{-mod} \mid \exists c \in \mathcal{C}, S \text{ is } c \text{ の組成因子} \right\}$
 ($\text{supp } M$ と同じ)

Prop (HW) $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \text{mod } A \text{ is } \tau\text{-tilt.}$

$$|\text{supp } \mathcal{C}| = |A / \text{ann } \mathcal{C}|$$

$\exists \text{ is } \tau\text{-tilt.}$
 $\exists A \xrightarrow{f} c^A : \text{left } \mathcal{C}\text{-approx}$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Im } f \cong A / \text{ann } \mathcal{C}$$

Thm TFAE for $M \in \text{mod } A$.

- (1) M : ST-tilting . $|M|$ is finite
- (2) (i) M : $\tau\text{-rigid}$

$$(ii) |M| = |\text{supp } M|$$



M : $\tau\text{-rigid} \iff \tau\text{-tilt.}$

M : $\text{ST-tilt} \iff M \in \text{mod } A / \text{ann } M$: tilt.
 (*)

一方, $\text{Fac } M \subseteq \text{mod } A/\text{ann } M$

faithful tors.

$M: \tau\text{-rigid}$

(*) の逆も成り立つ

$M: \text{partial tilt over } A/\text{ann } M$

$\therefore (*) \iff$
Fact

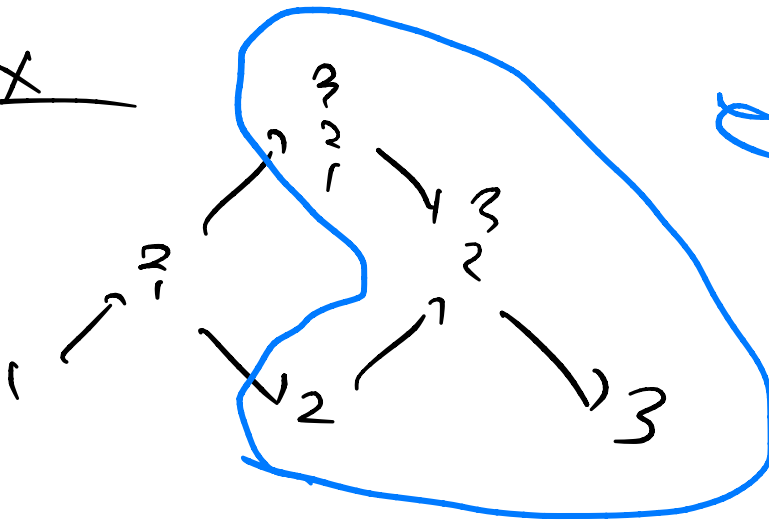
$$|M| = |A/\text{ann } M|$$

\parallel

$$|\text{supp } M|$$

\square

Ex



\hookrightarrow faithful tors.

$$M := \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \oplus 2 \rightsquigarrow \tau\text{-rigid.}$$

$$|M| = 2, \quad |\text{supp } M| = 3.$$

$$M \oplus \begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix} : \text{supp } \tau\text{-tilting.}$$